BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | BANGOR ME., MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1878. | VOLUME XLV---NUMBER 83.

BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier,
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge
BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
C. A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

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Business Cards.

Fairbanks, Brown & Co.
REMOVED
TO THE
NEW AND ELIGIBLE STORE,

83 MILK STREET,
Corner of Congress Street,
POST OFFICE SQUARE,
With additional facilities, they solicit the continuance of the generous patronage of the public
FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES,
EVERY VARIETY
OF THE BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY,
And with the Latest and most Valuable Improvements.
83 Milk Street, Post Office Square,
BOSTON.

STORAGE & ... WAREHOUSE.
Storage for Merchandise of all kinds.
Separate locked rooms for Furniture.
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,
Front Street, BANGOR.

FILES......FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME
sharpen up and get ready for business. I have
1000 Dozen Files
I am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices,
and will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.
Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.
JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

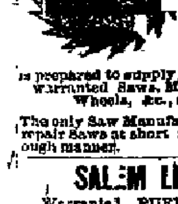
For Sale.
One Set Double Sleds, nearly new.
One Set Single Sleds, with express top.
One Set Single Sleds.
One Winter Peddle Cart for 2 horses.
One Winter Peddle Cart for one horse.
by H. J. STEVENS, 108 Hammond Street.

COPARTNERSHIP.
The undersigned, E. S. GORHAM and F. G. GORHAM, have entered into copartnership, the firm name to be known as E. S. GORHAM & SON, for the purpose of carrying on the House Painting business in all its various branches. Orders left at the old place of business
On French St. near State,
for House Painting, Paper Hanging, Glazing, Kalsomining, Tinting, &c., will be promptly attended to. Best of Stock always on hand and furnished at lowest rates.
E. S. GORHAM.
F. G. GORHAM.
Bangor, March 1, 1878.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
The firm of Bowen & Braley is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by Geo. Bowen.
GEO. BOWEN.
J. T. BRALEY.
Bangor, Jan. 21st, 1878.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
The firms of Palmer & Johnson, Palmer, Johnson & Co., and R. H. Pomroy & Co., are this day dissolved by mutual consent. Jonah W. Palmer is authorized to use the firm names in liquidation.
J. W. PALMER.
BENJ. JOHNSON.
W. E. PALMER.
R. H. POMROY.
Bangor, Feb. 6th, 1878.

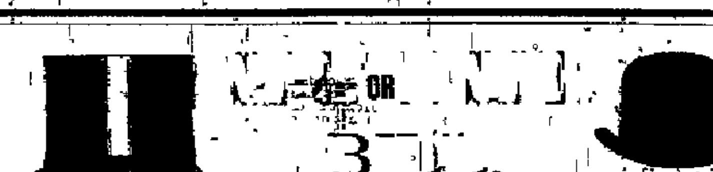
DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
THURSTON & LOVELAND, House Painters, have dissolved their copartnership by mutual consent. The business will be continued by FRANK THURSTON, by whom all firm bills will be collected and settled.
FRANK THURSTON.
GEO. LOVELAND.
Bangor, March 25th, 1878.



M. SCHWARTZ,
143 Exchange St.,
SAW MANUFACTURER
AND MACHINIST,
is prepared to supply ... in want of, the very best warranted Saws, Machinery, Belting, Emery Wheels, &c., at the lowest prices.
The only Saw Manufacturer in the State that can repair Saws at short notice and in the most thorough manner.

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.
Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.
LEAD TAPE, 5-8 in wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks.
LEAD RIBBON, from 2 1-2 to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.
LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness.
At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer, Salem, Mass.

NOTICE.
The subscriber gives notice that he has resumed his former business of "BUILDING MOVER" in all its branches, and will be happy to meet the wants of his former customers.
ELIJAH LOW



HATS FOR ... BOYS.
It is our intention to establish, for the benefit of all our good and thrifty citizens of this city and vicinity,
A NEW SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
Where all receive from 20 to 30 per cent interest on their money as soon as the deposit is made. These funds to be invested in the following reliable securities.
SPRING STYLE STIFF, SOFT HATS, STRAW HATS,
ALL OF WHICH WE MANUFACTURE.
Also, White Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars and Cuffs, Neck Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Umbrellas, &c.
All money invested in the above stocks will pay handsome dividends, and no better securities were ever placed upon the market at such reasonable terms. They are within the reach of all. Call on
ADAMS BROS.,
5 BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

MITCHELL, ... & CO.,
PLUMBERS,
29 CENTRAL STREET.

DEWITT HOUSE, Lewiston, Me.
The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, are now prepared to entertain their old friends and the traveling public generally. The Hotel is pleasantly situated on the Corner of Pine and Park Streets, nearly opposite City Building and Post Office, overlooking the Park and forming one of the most beautiful locations in the State. It is also convenient to the principal places of business. It has all the modern conveniences of Steam Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall. Also a first class Livery Stable. Carriages are always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.
ROYAL QUIMBY, EBEN MURCH, Proprietors.

OMNIBUS LINE FOR SALE.
We will sell our Omnibus Line, including two 'Busses for summer use and also two for winter use, together with the horses now running on same, and all the necessary harnesses, rigging, &c., pertaining thereto, at a good bargain to the right parties if applied for soon. This is a good opportunity for the right kind of a man to obtain a good steady business that pays well.
J. H. ROBINSON & CO.

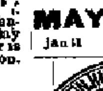
CHOICE
Maple Syrup!
AT
FRED T. HALL & CO'S,
28 Central Street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
For the next 30 days we shall offer
FARMING TOOLS,
CONSISTING OF
E. Plimpton & Son's Hoes,
Batcheller & Son's Forks,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
RICE & SKINNER,
(Successors to E. H. Fogg.)
Bangor, March 23, 1878.

WAR of 1812.
Pensions! Pensions!
A law has just passed giving a Pension of $96 per year to all Soldiers of the War of 1812, who served 14 days, or were in any engagement; and their widows, also, are entitled to the same pension, regardless of the date of their marriage. I am authorized to obtain these pensions for all who are entitled.
Application can be made to me in person at my office in Bangor, or by letter. The earlier the application the better for the applicant.
I have all the rolls and records of every soldier of the war, with their names in alphabetical order so that every soldier's service can be readily ascertained.
No other person in Maine has these records, except C. P. Brown, Esq.
Don't entrust your claims to unreliable and inexperienced hands.
A. J. CHAPMAN,
U. S. War Claim Agent.
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

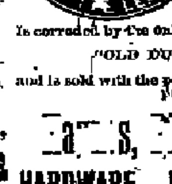
GEMS ... MELODIES,
from Vol. 1 to 47 inclusive,
by H. M. PLAISTED and F. H. APPLETON
Subscription received by
D. BUGBEE & CO.

VESSEL FOR SALE.



Brig ABBY THAXTER, 192 tons, now lying at Bath, Maine, by
THOS. A. TAYLOR,
No. 17 Broad Street.
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

... CHEAP FOR CASH,
CALL AT
MAYO & APPLETON'S,
80 CENTRAL ST.



THE
PHŒNIX
BRAND
PURE
WHITE LEAD
Is corroded by the only true method known as the
"OLD DUTCH PROCESS,"
and is sold with the positive assurance of absolute Purity, by
... & ...,
HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, &c.,
... BANGOR.

AGENTS WANTED.
Live canvassers for four new patent articles. Two of them especially adapted to Lady Canvassers! Do not cry hard times, but send stamp for particulars, and secure profitable employment. No postal cards noticed.
W. M. BUTTERS, Gen. Agt., Corinna, Maine.

American House,
CORNER MIDDLE AND INDIA STREETS,
PORTLAND, ME.
B. RANDALL & SON, Proprietors.
B. RANDALL. T. H. RANDALL.

Old Newspapers
for sale at this office.

Auction Sales.

PEARL & WEBB,
Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,
24 West Market Square.
Care taken of Real Estate. Mortgages and Notes Negotiated.

For Sale or Exchange.
Very desirable property situated in Hilo Village. Also 100 acres of land one mile from same. Will exchange for city property. Apply to PEARL & WEBB.

For Rent.
A very desirable residence situated on Broadway, near State Street, within five minutes walk of Post Office.
For particulars apply to PEARL & WEBB,
22 West Market Square.

PORTER NEALEY,
Real Estate Broker,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
25 and 26 West Market Square,
BANGOR, MAINE.

EDWARD LEAVITT,
COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER,
No. 12 Central St.

J. B. FOSTER,
AUCTIONEER,
—AND—
Commission Merchant.
No. 3, Foster & Bragg's Block,
PICKERING SQUARE.

Come and See Us.
Tomatoes 10 cents per Can.
Corn 12 cents per Can.
Peaches 15 cents per Can.
New Loose Muscatel Raisins, 8 cents per pound.
New Valencia Raisins 7 cents per pound.
CHINA TEA CO.
35 Main St.

MARCH 20th.
We open to day the handsomest bale
... SPONGES
we have ever offered. Also,
Chamois Skins, Horse Brushes, Manila Mane Brushes and Feather Dusters,
All New and Cheap,
At CITY DRUG STORE.
WM. E. MANN.

CIDER
BITTERS
Is good medicine for BILIOUS DISORDERS, and cures that disagreeable dull HEADACHE, so prevalent at this season. Try it. 25 cents.
WM. E. MANN,
City Drug Store.

NOTICE
TO CONSUMBERS
OF
TOBACCO.
The great celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all Chewers against purchasing such imitations.
All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the Law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS, AUG. 14, 1876.
The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.
Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories.
Taxes paid Government in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during past 12 years over $20,000,000.
These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturers' rates.

... ...!
... BROWN
Has just opened a large stock of NEW GOODS at prices that customers will be sure to buy.
LOOK AT THE PRICES.
One case All Wool Filling Dress Goods, at 15 cts, worth 25
One case All Wool Filling Basket Cloth, all new colors at 25 cts, worth 35
3000 yards Dark Prints, at 5 cts, worth 8
Good yard wide Brown Cottons, 6 cts, worth 8
One case White Marseilles Quilts, splendid pattern, at ... worth ...
A large lot of American Quilts for ... cts, worth ...
Remnants of Flannels at ...
Remnants of Cotton Flannels ...
Remnants Brown Cotton ...
Remnants Bleached Cotton ...
Remnants Bleached Cotton ... 10 cts, worth 15
All Linen Damasks at 25, 30, 35, 40 and 50 cts per yard—cheaper than ever seen in Bangor.
Remember, I am selling the Fine Turkey Red Damask for ... per yard.
A full line of Checked and Twilled Flannels at extremely low prices.
A large line of Woolens for Men's and Boys' wear, from 30 cts., to $1.25.
Tickings from 12½ cts. up.
In small Wares, all customers say no one is selling as low.
Best Machine Thread for ... 5 cts
Handkerchiefs ... for five cts.; also at 4, 6, & 10, ... up to $1.25 each.
One case of Corsets for ... 50 cts., well worth 80
A nice Silk Tie for ... 25 cts
Gents' Shirts and Drawers ... 25, 30, 50 cts
One case Ladies' Under Vests at 50 cts, that are cheap at 75.
Children's Underwear from 15 cts. to 50, all sizes.
A large line of Ladies' Woolen Hose for 25 cts., worth 42
Children's and Misses' Hose from 12½ cts. to 25, that are cheap.
Towels ... from ... one-half yard wide, for 10 cts. each.
Linen Napkins cheap.
A full line of Worsted Fringes in the new styles.
Come and see the piles and piles of Goods that I have not room to give prices on, such as all Linen Crash at 6¼ cents per yard.
... BROWN
No. 6 West Market Square.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
... FLOWS and LAWN MOWERS ... ordered in order received.
... ...
Waterport, Me.

... ...
The Popular Line to the West.
THREE ROUTES to Chicago, via
Via Montreal, Via Boston and Albany, Via Boston and Central Vermont.
Rates lower than ever. Passengers have choice of lines from Chicago. Parties of 20 or more can get special rates by calling on any of the Grand Trunk Agents.
Agents in Bangor, P. M. BLAKE, No. 2 Central Street, A. W. BENSON, Maine Central Depot.
FRED. F. SMALL,
Agent Maine and Provinces,
Corner Main and Union Streets, Bangor Maine.

A CHAPTER
—ON—
Furniture Repairing.
Sec. 1. It can be done.
Sec. 2. It needs to be done.
Sec. 3. It pays to do it.
Sec. 4. It is a trade which it takes years to learn.
CONCLUSION. If you want health, comfort, peace of mind, and quiet slumber, have your Mattresses, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, &c., newly upholstered by
HENRY S. BROWN.
15 State street.

Special Bargains.
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN FLOUR,
At J. H. SNOW'S,
25 West Market Square,
Old Store of Snow & Nealley.

Send for our NEW CATALOGUE of
... ...,
Complete, with cuts and prices of all latest and best styles.
HILL, CLARKE & CO.,
131 Mill. Street, Boston, Mass.

CALL AND SEE
Our New Spring Stock of BOYS' CLOTHING. Good Goods and low prices.
At J. Waterman's Boys Clothing House,
77 Exchange Street, Bangor,
Sign of the Dressed Man.

Steam Boiler Shop.
THE HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO., having resumed the Steam Boiler and Repair business in their Boiler Shop, at the Corner of Washington and Oak Streets, Bangor, they are now prepared to fill all orders for new work and repairs in that line, by competent workmen, with dispatch and at lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.
Also on hand and for sale at lowest prices, new and second hand Steam Engines, and flue and tubular horizontal and upright Steam Boilers.
Bangor, Maine, Jan. 23, 1878.

SOLUBLE
Pacific Guano.
A NO. 1 FERTILIZER.
It is Prompt, Active and Reliable. Ten years successful use has shown it to be of the very highest quality. Price moderate. We claim for it the greatest benefit to the consumer from the smallest outlay. For sale in Bangor, by
PRESCOTT & ALLEN,
Seed Store,
No. 21 Broad St. and 19 Pickering Square,
GRASS, FIELD & GARDEN SEEDS.
Cameron's Plow, Pettengill's Side Hill Plow, Walter A. Wood's Mowing Machine, Taylor's Horse Rake, Plow Castings, Farming Implements, Lime, Hair, Plaster, &c. &c.
PRESCOTT & ALLEN,
No. 21 Broad St. and 19 Pickering Square,
BANGOR, MAINE.

OUR
Room Papers,
SHADES,
BORDERS AND MOULDINGS,
have arrived, and we are prepared to exhibit one of the largest and best selected assortments ever brought to Bangor in
All the Newest Styles and Colorings of the Season,
and at prices to suit the times. Please call and see them at
No. 7 Main St.,
... & SON.

$2... ...

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834..Weekly, 1851

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half-square, one time	75
For half-square, three times	1 00
For half-square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$1.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements continued three times a week at two thirds price; two times a week, one-half price; one time a week, one-third price.
Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

THE SOLDIERS' ROLL.

HOW THE PLACES OF CRIPPLED UNION VETERANS HAVE BEEN FILLED.

Humorous Speech by Congressman Frye.

The special despatches agree that the speech of Hon. Wm. P. Frye in the debate over the Door-keeper of the House on Wednesday, was very effective and seriously annoyed the Democrats. Mr. Frye had little to say about the Door-keeper directly, but devoted himself to an analysis of what is known as the soldiers' roll, and succeeded in showing that of the fourteen men on that list, only two or three had any legitimate claims to be there by reason of having been crippled in the military service of the United States. Mr. Frye referred to the declarations of the Democrats, publicly made in debate during the last session, and their promises to keep up the crippled and disabled soldiers' roll by turning out Republicans and substituting crippled and disabled Democratic soldiers in their places. He made no objection to that, and complimented those Democrats who went into the Army, and who, in spite of their party, buckled on their armor and went forth to battle for their country. Mr. Frye called over the names on the soldiers' roll. The first name called was Mr. Holt, of Massachusetts, who had been placed upon the roll at the request of the Democratic members from New England. Holt swore before the committee that he had been three years in the service as a soldier from Massachusetts, but, upon cross-examination, admitted that he had not been in active service, but belonged to an independent company in Boston. Commenting on this, Mr. Frye said:

"Holt, to-day, is in the employ of the Democratic Party of this House, notwithstanding that he committed, in spirit at any rate, perjury; and every man of that committee and every man in this House knows that in spirit he committed perjury. When he was put upon that roll he either deceived the members from Connecticut and New Hampshire, or else he deceived Mr. Polk, and thus got himself put on the soldiers' roll. Is it worthy of the Democratic Party to keep that man from that time to this in the employ of the House? Is it New England and Democracy to do so? Oh, you New England statesmen, could you not, hunting all over the Democratic ranks of soldiers in all New England, find a single crippled and disabled Democratic soldier, and were you compelled to take this man Holt, who served three years in an independent company in Boston? What had become of your promises? Were they ropes of sand? Polk informed the statesmen from New England that Mr. Holt must go off the roll, and they held a meeting. They were terribly exercised. They consulted as to what should be done upon this quota to which New England was entitled. What was the quota? One laborer, one fireman, one soldier. Glorious old New England, stick for your quota! To be sure, you have not a single Chairmanship, but you have a quota. Meet together and consult about your quota. To be sure, each of you represents 130,000 people; each of you represents millions of capital; you are interested more than any other part of the country in great financial questions. The tariff is a matter of life or death to the industries of your district. But, for God's sake, gentlemen, forget finance, forget the tariff, and stick to your quota of three employes. Of one-legged Democrats, marching up to the polls to vote for my friend from Connecticut, [Mr. Landers]; oh, one-armed Democratic soldiers, fighting all day long in the beautiful old city of Portsmouth for my friend from New Hampshire, [Mr. Jones]—the next time you hobble along up to the polls, ask the Congressman you vote for how their rabbit hunt for a crippled soldier ended this time. So much for New England!

"What comes next? I will not take delegation by delegation now—I shall not have time. There was a vacancy on the soldiers' roll, and a gallant horse-marine stepped for the place—William S. Dulin. Crippled? No. Disabled? No. Democrat? Yes every time. You served, I suppose, in the Union Army. No, Sir, in the Navy. You look quite young; when did you inlist in the Navy? In 1869, as apothecary's clerk. Oh, you Democrats, who are bound to fill up this soldiers roll with crippled and disabled soldiers, where did you find Dulin, who was almost a babe at his mother's breast when the war broke out? Couldn't you find one wounded Democratic soldier? Were your reduced to this maritime druggist? William M. Patten—Crippled? No. Disabled? No. Democrat? Yes. Confederate? Yes. Ah, when you Democrats cannot find a crippled and disabled Union Democratic soldier, and you resorted to the Confederacy. Well, gentlemen, if you cannot succeed any better than you did in your grand hunt through old New-England for crippled and disabled Democratic soldiers, thank God you turned your eyes to the Confederacy, where you can find thousands and hundreds of thousands of poor, broken, crippled soldiers of the Confederacy. I blame you not for going. Face about after such luck as that; James G. Knight was a soldier in 1861; sprained his ankle while drilling; served until 1864, after he had sprained his ankle; a crippled and disabled soldier. T. J. Larry never a soldier, always a Democrat, put on the crippled and disabled soldiers' roll. Jacob Foulke—oh, what a terrible necessity there was upon my Democratic friend who was so valiant for the soldiers of the Union—Jacob Foulke was in the war of 1812. They could not find a crippled and disabled soldier of the late war against the Union; but were actually driven to the extreme necessity of going away back to the war of 1812, and bringing here a venerable old gentleman, 80, 90, or 100 years of age, to help fill up the crippled and disabled soldiers' roll."

Mr. Butler—He may have served in the Mexican war.

Mr. Frye—Oh, no, he was not in the Mexican war; too old for that. They got one Mexican soldier. They went over the rolls of every war this country ever had to get disabled soldiers. They took the Revolutionary roll, but could not find a man who was able to travel to Washington. They got the roll of 1812, and examined that and they hit a man who was in that war. They took the roll of the Mexican War, and hit a man in that roll, and yet they were not happy, and yet the roll was not full, and yet the hunt continued.

Mr. Frye continued his roll-call of Democratic crippled soldiers, quoting from the testimony taken by the committee: "'Hermon J. Scheellies, were you in any way crippled?' 'No, not by wounds received. I had a fever and was discharged.' 'Since the war, have you been in tolerably good health?' 'Well, I have suffered ever since, particularly from the asthma.' 'What business have you followed?' 'I have been in the General Land Office. The Doctor in Wisconsin told me I ought to go to a warmer climate to cure the asthma. I suppose.' 'In what capacity were you in the Land Office?' 'First class clerk—I went there in 1866, and was discharged in 1837.' 'Were you a soldier in the United States Army during the war of the rebellion?' 'Yes Sir; I was sworn in for 90 days in the Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania State Militia, Company G. Capt. Samuel Harrison. We were sworn in for 90 days' service when Lee came into Pennsylvania. I am sure we were sworn in and mustered, and I have got a copy of the muster-roll.' 'But you didn't go out of the State?' 'No, Sir.' 'Where were you during the 90 days?' 'Around Chambersburg and down by Greencastle.' 'Your command, then, did not meet the enemy?' 'No Sir.' 'You were not disabled?' 'No, Sir, I was not wounded, but I have had a disease for some years.'

"Now, Sir, I have no doubt there are 100,000 Democrats who have been diseased for a good many years. Who can blame Polk for over-running in his appointments if every diseased Democrat is to go on the soldiers' roll? Why, I always thought disease with that party was chronic. I next come to the case of John H. Bennett a soldier of the Mexican war, who received a flesh wound in that war—a good soldier, I have no doubt, but having no more rights on the soldiers' roll than I have, neither crippled, nor disabled, nor pretending to be. Another man on the soldiers' roll was Isaac T. Moore, never in the Army at all, only a Democrat. Another man on this roll is James P. Alcock, a first-class soldier no doubt, disabled, never asking for a pension. Rogers, also, was on the roll He never was disabled, never crippled, was not in the Army at all, but was a Democrat. Remember, I am taking this from the sworn testimony before the committee. I have not time to read the evidence. Another man on this roll was C. R. Faulkener, an old man, with nothing to show that he was crippled or a soldier, and nobody knew he was crippled. Swint was put on in place of Holmans, a one-legged soldier, who had been here for years. There was nothing in the evidence to show that Swint was ever crippled. Now, with men like these on the soldiers' roll, that roll got 'hard up.' Mr. Polk says, in his testimony, that he appointed Fitzhugh. On looking at Fitzhugh every member of the committee knew he was not born when the war broke out. He could not have been a soldier. How he ever got on the soldiers' roll I do not know, unless on the same principle that we pension children of dead soldiers. Fitzhugh's father, the old Doorkeeper, that biggest man than old Grant, was a dead Democrat. There is no doubt about that. It may be that he was put on the soldiers' roll because his father was a deceased Democrat. But Polk does not say so. He says: 'I yielded to the Democrats of the House—the various delegations—the soldiers' roll, to keep it full,' and he says 'There was almost always a vacancy on it.' Only think of that. Only fourteen positions on this roll and the whole United States to draw from, yet you gentlemen who promised to treat us fairly could not keep the soldiers' roll full to save your lives. You went to the Revolutionary war, the war of 1812, the Mexican war, the Confederate Army, the Union Army, the street, the field. You picked up everybody you pleased. You went to the volunteer companies, you went to the independent companies, you visited the muster-field, you searched high and low, broad and deep, yet Polk says that you could not keep your soldiers' roll full, and because you could not keep it full, he put on Fitzhugh. Oh spirit of the immortal Falstaff, give us one hour of thy time, and at tap of drum and squeak of fife, drill thy glorious battalion of Democratic crippled and disabled soldiers. See them fall into line. Here comes the venerable gentleman of the war of 1812; then the Mexican war contributes its share, then the Navy sends in its boy, then the son of the dead Fitzhugh comes into view; then comes the Irish Brigade, with Michael J. Flannegan, 'diseased for many years.' Then the man that sprained his ankle while drilling in 1861, and then that asthmatic fellow. So they march up to drill, one after another, and the spirit of Falstaff, disgusted with the display, takes heavenward its flight, shouting back as it goes,

"'I am not ashamed of my soldiers I am a soused gurnet. I have misused the King's press damnably. My whole charge consists of Ancients, Corporals, Lieutenants, gentlemen, &c., and such as were indeed never soldiers. I'll not march through Coventry with them, that is flat.'"

Mr. Frye's remarks were delivered in his happiest vein and were frequently interrupted by laughter and applause. The Democrats are terribly annoyed at the exposure, and if Polk had a single chance of escape that chance was completely destroyed by Mr. Frye's speech.

A MODERN VERSION.

March and April winds give the signal for stir and bustle within doors as without: and if they have thus far this year carried out their useful office with less than the customary bluster, ruffling up the buds in the trees and searching and shaking all before them in the field, there is all the more need, in the swift advance of spring, for housekeeping energies to be on the alert. For the early spring season brings a sort of battalion drill into requisition. It is the time when thrifty house-wives take account of stock. Now begins that investigating commission into closets and corners, over which there is no expense for summoning witnesses, and when cases are adjudicated on the spot. What to save and make over for the summer, what to give away that the children have outgrown, is settled forthwith, and the busy judge not only makes her present decision, but must forecast the news of the future also—assessor and controller in one. A train of signal service is also kept up and indications watched. For the present moment when furs and heavy garments may be safely stowed away in camphor and cedar chests regulates the plans of this amateur health officer, who watches the weather-signals and determines the Four and the jacket.

But this is but a small part of her functions in government. Like the man who spoke prose all his life without knowing it, she deals with problems of the dust, altogether innocent, it may be, of biological disputations over the genesis of animated life. But she knows that, if dust is left to accumulate in corners of closets, trunks and bureau drawers, there comes the moth also. She does not stop to inquire whether he is born of the dust, or hatched out of it, or, whether this dust was there when the last parental moth fluttered into the gas and cremated itself. She deals with first conditions, and not final conclusions, and so brushes the conditions away, knowing that eternal vigilance is the price of good housekeeping as well as of other things—and that there is not a small insect pest in the household but comes in some fashion to witness the neglect, and call for soap and water, or soda, or borax.

When she goes down into the cellar she is a chemist in her own right. Household neatness demands that scraps and shreds of winter vegetables, a bit of forgotten bone or oyster shell, partly emptied fruit cans, etc., should never accumulate, but, with the total depravity of some inanimate things, occasionally these do burrow in dark corners out of sight until the spring stir begins. There is no need to tell the household expert that the dampness and warmth of the near April days will set up a small gas works wherever this rubbish is found, and that what comes of it may hold the seeds of spring fevers and other ills. How it is that lime does purify may not be known to her, in formula, but the way to make whitewash and put it on plentifully, after the rubbish is buried or burned or carted away, is as old as the grandmother's receipt book.

It is not at all likely, with the discussions on drainage going on in the newspapers, bringing scientific statements into her very bath-room, that the housekeeper this season will overlook the pipes. It very much concerns her what sort of work the builder and plumber have combined to put in, and the next time there is any repairing or building, it is quite likely she will have some opinion on the subject, and want to be sure of the plans. For the present she has not made up her mind that any sewer gas does come up into the nursery by way of the permanent washstand, or that it lurks in the bath-room, but it is clear to her that if it should come, it is not a wholesome atmosphere for the children to sleep in. So, as she is a practical engineer, she must devise sundry ways of shutting off the drain pipe communications by night, at least; in plugging up the overflows and escapes, and by day secures constant cleanliness in having the pipes "flushed" with hot water and washing soda, with an after sweetening of copperas, or some such purifier frequently applied.

In "looking well to the ways of her household" the modern woman has more various and complicated duties than the housewife of King Lemuel's time, for the modern appliances of luxury and convenience demand a pretty wide range of wide-awake observation, to say the least, to keep everything in running order. But as the ancient model was not afraid of the snow for her household, neither does her descendant dread the spring and when April comes round she can turn even from buying fields and planting vineyards, or whatever in modern business is the counterpart of the wise woman's work of old, and put her administrative talent upon the purifying and renewing and household changes which the season brings.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

STATE NEWS.

Cumberland.

The *Argus* says: In front of and forming the step to the carpenter shop of Freeman Cummings, on Federal street, Portland, is a portion of a mill-stone which has an interesting local history. It is about six feet long and one foot thick. The original stone is known to have been in use one hundred and ten years ago, and was imported from England. On the site at the corner of Pearl and Congress streets, opposite the Park, there stood a windmill, which was subsequently removed so as to erect the old Hussey house, or better known to the later generation as Suss' lager beer saloon. In the mill was this stone, used for grinding corn for the people of Falmouth, who were kept from going to the water mills from fear of the Indians. This locality was called Windmill Corner. We would suggest that as the Natural History Society propose erecting a new building, this stone be secured and placed therein.

Emery C. Chase's horse was struck by a Grand Trunk locomotive in Portland, Thursday afternoon, and one of its fore feet fearfully lacerated. The wagon to which the animal was attached was considerably damaged. The horse is probably spoilt.

The *Advertiser* says that Mr. Charles Parker of Portland, burned his hands so severely in trying to extinguish the flames when Miss Brickett was burned, that the doctors say he cannot recover their use until the end of the summer.

Franklin.

The *Chronicle* says that Mr. Thomas Carlton, of Weld met with a sad accident on Thursday of last week. He had harnessed his horse and started away from his house, when suddenly it commenced to run and he was thrown on some rocks by the side of the road, cutting a gash some three inches long on the back of his head, and breaking a couple of ribs.

Kennebec.

Mayor John D. Myrick of Augusta, has accepted an invitation to deliver the oration at West Waterville on Decoration day, May 30th.

Thursday morning about one o'clock, an attempt was made to enter the house of Mr. D. W. Pillsbury of Augusta. Mrs. Pillsbury was awakened by some one trying the doors; finally an attempt was made at the front door to push out the key, so that it could be unlocked with a skeleton key. A lamp was lighted, when the robbers took to their heels. There appeared to be two of them.

Knox.

Last Friday night, as Mr. Frank Green, night-clerk at the Thorndike Hotel, Rockland, was standing on a stair rail to extinguish a light in one of the upper halls, a ring on one of his fingers caught on a gas bracket by which he had been supporting himself, as he was in the act of jumping to the floor, and his weight tore the finger forcibly through the ring, tearing a portion of the flesh from it in doing so.

The *Gazette* says: On Monday, U. S. Marshal Marble, assisted by Rockland officers, arrested Elizabeth Dromey and Peter McIntyre; dealers in "the ardent" on the Point, for violation of the U. S. internal revenue laws by selling liquors without paying Uncle Sam a license fee, and took them to Portland to answer therefor. These make ten recent arrests in Rockland for this cause by the U. S. authorities.

The schooner Joseph Farwell arrived at Rockland last Monday, in tow of steamtug Howell, of Bangor. The Joseph Farwell was recently sold at auction, under the cross-libel put on her by the steamer which collided with her, and was bid in by Mr. E. S. Farwell, for Rockland parties. She is now at the South Marine Railway, where she will be thoroughly repaired. Her mainmast still remains standing and her hull does not look to be very badly damaged.

Nathan Alford, of Hope, who has been Moderator of the town meetings for thirty years, was elected Moderator again Monday, last week.

The *Free Press* says that John A. Stone, of Rockland, who sailed from Baltimore, Dec. 26, 1877, as chief mate of a schooner, was taken with yellow fever at Rio Janeiro on the 18th of February, and died in hospital on the 20th.

Washington.

Messrs. Boardman Bros., of Calais, are fitting out a small fishing vessel for the banks. The vessel launched a few days ago, was built during the past winter by this enterprising firm for the fishing business, and will sail for her field of operation in a few days. She is thoroughly built, and is being fitted up in a first-class manner.

Almost every idea is already patented, but the man who shall invent a bootjack that will kill two cats at one throw will find a clear field, and may realize from it his everlasting fortune.

The day is not far distant when America, in order to get an intelligent verdict from a jury, will be compelled to lock up the jurors with a schoolmaster a year or two before the trial takes place.—*Philadelphia Chronicle.*

Too True.—This is what Wendell Phillips says, in his own peculiar way: "Let snow be found on my sidewalk sixty minutes after it has stopped snowing, and a policeman presents himself at my door with instructions; but will the same policeman, or any other, interfere with the rumseller, not far removed? Not a bit of it."

A young lady, dressed in a new costume constructed after the most extreme fashion of the hour, writing to a friend lately, appropriately commenced her letter with the remark: "I'm sitting on the style, Mary."

A Boston paper says: "A butterfly was caught at the South end yesterday." It may be safe enough to catch a butterfly at the south end, but when you go to grab a wasp, you want to catch it at the north-easterly end, shifting westerly towards the head.

BANGOR MARKETS.

SATURDAY, April 6, 1878.

FLOUR. The telegraphic readings during the past week seem to have had something to do with the markets, as the figures noting sales are now showing in favor of the producer, and the tone of trade is at present altogether stronger.

CORN is selling to-day at 60 to 65 cents per bushel.

MEAL. Corn meal is worth 60 to 65 cents per bushel.

FINE FEED. Fine middlings are worth from $1.50 to $1.60, coarse do. $1.30 to $1.40, and Bran from $1.15 to $1.20 per hundred lbs.

OATS are selling from the stores at 45 to 50 cents per bushel.

SALT. Coarse salt is sold at a range of price from 40 to 45 cents per bushel, and Bangor butter salt (20 pound boxes, $20 to $21 per hundred.

PLASTER is worth $1.20 to $1.25 per bbl.

LIME is worth from 85 to 90 cents per cask.

CEMENT is selling at $1.75 per bbl.

BRICKS are selling from the yards at $5 00 to $5.50 for merchantable, or up and down lots, and extras of picked lots, from $6.00 to $7.50 and $8 00 per M., according to quality.

PORK is worth from $13.50 to $15 50 per bbl.

LARD is worth from 8 to 9 and 10 cents per pound, according to the quality and size of packages—wood or tin.

HAMS are worth from the stores from 9 to 11 cents per pound.

SUGAR. Granulated sugar is worth to-day from 9½ to 0?, and extra C. do. 9 to 9½ cts per lb.

CHEESE. Home, Factory and Western cheese, are worth from 10 to 13 cents per lb.

ONIONS are selling from $2 50 to $2.75 per bbl.

ORANGES are selling at $4 50 to $5.00 per box.

LEMONS are selling at $4 50 to $5 00 per box.

Produce Market.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A hogshead of salt shall contain eight bushels. The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 62 pounds; of potatoes, wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 52 pounds of carrots, turnips, rye and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds, of oats, 30 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

APPLES. Very few green apples in the market, and the range of price might be quoted from $3 to $5 00 and $5 50 per bbl.

BUTTER. The very bad travelling during the past week has been something of a bar to marketing, and butter has been quite scarce, good lump selling from 22 to 25 cents, and inferior lots at 18 to 20 cents per pound. Solid, 15 to 18 and 20 cents.

BARLEY. Very little coming into market, and selling nominally from 50 to 60 cents per bushel.

BEANS. On account of the large supply of western beans in the market, home raised are selling somewhat dull. Yellow eyes are worth from $1.75 to $1.80, and white beans $1.50 to $1 75, and $2.00.

CIDER is worth from the market teams from 20 to 25 cents per gallon.

EGGS are worth from 10 to 11 cents per dozen. The quotation for Boston markets is 10 to 12 cents.

FRESH FISH. Fresh codfish are selling from 5 to 6 cents, halibut from 8 to 10 cents per pound. Pickerel, 8 cents per pound.

FRESH MEATS. Round hogs are selling from 5½ to 6 cents, and Fresh Beef is worth by the side from 5 to 7 cents per pound. Occasionally a very extra side may sell a trifle better. Muttons and Lambs are selling from 6 to 8 cents per pound.

HAY. Loose hay sells on the market from $12 to $14 and $15, and pressed do from $12 to $14 and $15 per ton. The Boston quotation at the present time for best quality Eastern is $18 to $19, medium, $15 to $17, fine, $ 0, and poor $15 per ton.

HONEY, in small boxes is worth from 20 to 25 cents per pound, and in pails, or bulk, it sells from 15 to 20 cents.

OATS are selling in the streets at 42 to 45 cts per bushel.

POTATOES are selling at 20 to 25 cts for white, and Early Rose at 30 to 35 cts. per bushel.

POULTRY. Turkeys are selling from the market teams at 12 to 13 cents per pound, and chickens from 12 to 15 cents. Hens and year olds from 10 to 12 cents per pound.

STRAW is now selling on the market from $8 to $9 per ton, either loose or pressed.

SEEDS. Aroostook Herds grass, $2 50, and Western do. $1 75 to $2.00 per bushel. Aroostook clover, 18 to 20 cents, Western do. 9 to 10, Vermont do. 10 to 12, and Alsike 25 cents per pound. Red top seed, $2.50 per sack, or 75 cents per bushel, and Fowl meadow $1 50 to $2 00 per bushel.

SYRUP. Maple Syrup is selling in the streets at 75 to 90 per gallon.

WOOD AND COAL. Dry hard wood is worth from $5.00 to $5 50 and $6 00 per cord, according to quality, green do, $4 00 to $4.50 and $5.00, soft do, including Juniper or Hackmatack, from $3 00 to $4.00. Coal for kitchen and furnace use is now sold and delivered at $6 00 to $6 50 per ton.

WOOL, &c. Fleece wool is selling from 25 to 28 cts. for unwashed, and washed at 32 to 35 cents per pound. Wool skins are worth from 50 cents to $1 and $1.25, according to size and quality. Veal skins, from 10 to 12 cts., and Hides 4½ to 5 cents per lb. Untried Tallow is worth 1½ cents, and tried do. 6½ to 7 cents per pound.

Grocers' Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED FOR THE WHIG AND COURIER]

BEEF—Plate	...	$14 00	$15 50
COFFEE—Rio	...	18	20
Java Old Gov't	...	30	35
FISH—Dry, Gr'd Bank large	...	5 00	5 25
medium	...	4 00	4 25
Pollock—Herring, Split	...		4 00
boxes	...		
Mack'l, No. 1	...		
No. 2	...		
No. 3	...		
Napes and Fins	...		4 50
Trimmed fins	...		7 00
FLOUR—Minn Patent	...	9 00	9 50
St Louis	...	7 00	8 50
Michigan	...	6 50	7 00
Spring	...	6 00	6 50
Graham, Choice	...		
LARD—Tierces	...		10½
Kegs	...		10½
Pails	...		11
Tierces, Western	...		9½
MOLASSES—Porto Rico	...		
Barbadoes	...		
Trinidad	...		
New Orleans	...		
OATMEAL—Canada	...		
Scotch	...		
PETROLEUM—Boston, 110° test	...		
150° test	...		
Portland, 120° test	...		14
PORK—Backs	...		15 50
No. 1	...		14 50
Clear	...	13 50	14 00
RAISINS—L. M.	...	1 00	2 10
Lond. Layers	...		
RICE—Carolina	...		7½
SPICES—Pure Pepper, lb foil	...		
Cassia	...		
Ginger	...		
Cloves	...		
Cream Tartar	...	28	31
Nutmegs	...	76	80
SUGAR—Gran. Stand	...		9½
Ext. C	...		8½
Yellow	...		8
STARCH—Bulk	...		06
Crates	...		08
SODA—American	...		04
English	...		05
TEA—Ool'l Amoy	...	28	30
Formosa	...	35	50
Japan	...	25	45
VINEGAR—Pure Cider	...		22
Wh. Wine	...		25

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We would call the attention of MILLINERS to an inspection of our stock, it being the largest and most complete to be found in New England. All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.

COPARTNERSHIP.

BANGOR, ME., April 1st, 1878.

We, the undersigned, have this day entered into a copartnership, the firm name to be known as

T. R. SAVAGE, & CO.

for the purpose of continuing the GROCERY business, at No. 6 West Market Square.

T. R. SAVAGE.
W. L. SAVAGE.

Freedom Notice.

This is to certify that I give my son, William H. Perkins, the remainder of his minority to transact business for himself; that I will claim none of his earnings nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

JONATHAN PERKINS

Bangor, April 1, 1878.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

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MONDAY, APRIL 8, 1878.

State of Maine.

A PROCLAMATION.

BY THE GOVERNOR.

In accordance with long established custom, and by the advice of the Executive Council, I do hereby appoint THURSDAY, THE ELEVENTH DAY OF APRIL, 1878, as a day of Public Humiliation, Fasting and Prayer, to be observed by the people of this State in solemn recognition of the obedience and worship due from us of Almighty God, in humble acknowledgement to our transgressions of His laws, and in earnest supplication for divine help and guidance.

Given at the Council Chamber, at Augusta, this twenty-fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and second.

SELDEN CONNOR.

By the Governor.
S. J. CHADBOURNE, Secretary of State.

A GLARING INJUSTICE.

Some time ago, just after the New Hampshire Republican victory, we clipped from a Boston paper in which it had been eagerly copied, the following editorial paragraph from the Lewiston *Journal*:

"The Republican victory in New Hampshire Tuesday is one of the most encouraging political indications. The State is always very close, even when the Republicans are perfectly united; but this year, *as is well known, the W. E. Chandler faction* were cross over the action of the Republican State Convention in speaking a kindly word for President Hayes, and *not only utterly refused to work for the Republican cause, but did their best to throw cold water on the canvass.* That the Republicans have been able to overcome both the Democracy and internal opposition is a cheering indication of the healthy tendencies of public sentiment."

At the time when we cut out that extract and laid it aside on our desk, we were fully acquainted with the facts of the New Hampshire election, and knew that the paragraph must have been written either by a person entirely ignorant of, or one disposed to deliberately misrepresent those facts. We were charitably inclined to believe that the writer knew nothing about the matter except what he had gathered from the prejudiced and untruthful statements of some of the policy organs, but it did not seem to us that the wrong was much lessened by the hypothesis of a sweeping charge made entirely without knowledge. We knew at the time,—from personal intercourse with William E. Chandler, one of the staunchest and most efficient Republicans in the country, whose eminent services in connection with the Republican National Committee were universally recognized up to a period as recent as that of his vigilant efforts which secured to President Hayes the Electoral vote of Florida in spite of the systematic attempts of the Democracy to nullify the popular verdict,—that no man in New Hampshire was more anxious that the State should go Republican and none more determined to accomplish that result than himself. He was confident of victory when others, including ourselves, were exceedingly doubtful, and in the anxious weeks preceding the election he never wavered in the assurance that we should win a Republican victory. We knew when we read that paragraph that no one man in New Hampshire had done more to insure that triumph, if any one other individual had done as much, as William E. Chandler and that nothing could be more grossly unjust than the statement of the *Journal*. The frequency of such injustice, however, seemed to render it hardly worth while to notice this instance, and we laid the clipping aside among a collection of similar illustrations of the sort of championship which the "new policies" seem to require. A few days ago we chanced upon an editorial review of the recent election in one of the leading Republican journals of New Hampshire, which so conclusively and authoritatively refutes the unwarranted assertions above quoted that we deem its publication of interest in this connection. The following is an extract from the editorial columns of the Exeter *News-Letter*.

The Republican victory in New Hampshire was won by hard work, and by ignoring all questions about which members of the party have different opinions. And we rejoice to know that the result is satisfactory all around. President Hayes is said to be pleased, because it proves that his policy has not harmed the party, *and Mr. Chandler, who is not, we believe, an admirer of the President, worked with might and main during the entire campaign, sending home cheering aid, and inducing the return of absent voters, and in the last days of the canvass with his rare executive capacity assisting at headquarters in marshalling the Republican forces.* From Washington we also had most valuable assistance from Senators Wadleigh and Rollins and our Republican Representatives in the House. All the gentlemen named kept in constant correspondence with members of the State Committee and other home workers in the canvass, and some of them made visits home and encouraged by their presence those Republicans who were called to bear the brunt of the fight.

A SAMPLE.

The animus of the crusade started against our public schools is very plainly exhibited in the following vituperative editorial in Saturday evening's *Commercial*. The parents and other citizens who are alarmed at the schemes for breaking down our educational institutions, are denounced as "blood-suckers," and their published protests as "howling and screeching." The following is a sample of the championship of "Reform":

The blood-suckers on the City Treasury who have been the cause of imposing such ruinous taxes on the people for the last dozen years, that the city is *utterly impoverished* and hundreds of people have been made paupers, are now *howling* and *screeching* lustily. Their latest dodge is to screen themselves behind the cry of "education." Be it known that, in no department of the city, have the *treasury blood-suckers* worked with more energy and depleting effect than in that of the schools. No department calls more loudly for *reform and retrenchment* than that of the schools. Reduce the expenses of our schools to $20,000 and they would be as much better than they are now *as they were twenty years ago. Reduce the expenses and the schools will immediately begin to improve.—Commercial.*

Our versatile contemporary, in Saturday evening's issue, after disposing of the melancholy case of an inquirer who asks "Is love a disease?" turns glibly to the subject of artillery, and informs a querist that "It is possible to dodge a cannon ball, provided it can be seen." If our neighbor was writing as an expert he ought to have stated that cannon balls may much more easily be dodged when they are not seen, as he had occasion to demonstrate during the whole progress of our late civil war.

THE IOWA KEY-NOTE.

[From the Burlington Hawk Eye.]

One year has nearly passed into history since the Iowa State Republican Convention sounded the alarm against President Hayes' policy of hari-kari, and the call for another convention has been issued. The attitude of Iowa this year will not be a question of doubt. If one year ago, for the sake of harmony, for the honor of the party, for the good name of the man, whom the Republicans had elected to the highest office in the land, and for the hope that "the good intentions" of the President would yet evolve good fruits not then in blossom, the Republicans restrained their convictions and simply refused to endorse, no such restraint will influence the convention this year. The Republicans of Iowa, if unanimous upon anything, are a unit in opposition to the Southern policy of the Administration. There will be no mental reservations in the Iowa Republican expression this year. The padlock of prudence and friendly regret no longer seals their lips. The restraints of unwonted patience and the caution born of hope no longer stand sentinels at the Republican threshold. With a sigh of relief that they will not be compelled to strike a false attitude in the name of party expediency the Republicans of Iowa will open the campaign with that honest, outspoken expression of their convictions that will leave no doubt in the minds of the world as to what those convictions are. No interpreter will be required to explain to the puzzled multitude what Iowa Republicans mean by the language of their platform. The Republicans of Ohio and Indiana put the diplomats at work upon their platforms last year, and sad work they made of it. The Republicans of Ohio, Wisconsin, New York and other states gave that work to men of positive convictions and the people respected and honored their candor and sincerity. Political coquettery does not pay. The National Administration has tried it and is in shame. State Republican organizations have tried it and gone out of power. The people spew warm water politics out of their mouths. Either there is a great and vital difference between Republicanism and Democracy, or there is not. If the difference is only trifling, then it is not worth all the trouble, turmoil and expense with which the politicians have involved the country since 1854, when the new party began its battle against the retrogressive element in American politics. But the earnest men of the country, the men of character, the men of convictions, the men who gave their lives in war and their best efforts in peace to build up and sustain the principles of the Republican party, have solemnly declared that there is a great difference between the two parties, a distinction that ought to be perpetually maintained and pointed out to rising generations as long as the enemies of a true Republican form of Government and the equal rights of men continue their efforts to pull down that which the progress enlightenment and moral sense of the nineteenth century have so laboriously built up.

If the principles and practice of the Democratic party are right then President Hayes is right. If the President is right then what is the necessity; indeed what is the justice and consistency in fighting the Democratic organization? But as that party has not materially changed its principles in the last decade save as it has slowly followed in the wake of the Republican ship of progress, or wandered off after the follies of the inflation brothel, upon what ground can the President or the Republican party justify his or its tremendous efforts to prevent the Democracy from coming into power in 1868, 1872, and again in 1875, when Mr. Hayes stumped Ohio as the Republican candidate for Governor, and in 1876 when he accepted the nomination for the Presidency, and yearned for the defeat of Mr. Tilden? The plain, practical men of this country can't see the nice distinctions which Mr. Hayes and his diplomatic courtiers draw now as compared with previous years. It looks to them like a distinction without a difference. And it is the plain, practical men of Iowa who propose to speak out their sentiments in the next Iowa convention, and speak them boldly, no matter whose "policy" it hurts. To Iowa is again reserved the honor of sounding the key-note of the next campaign.

A CONFEDERATE DOORKEEPER.

THE HOUSE DEMOCRATS GIVE THE PREFERENCE TO A REBEL OVER A UNION SOLDIER.

The Democratic members of the House of Representatives met in caucus Friday evening to nominate a candidate for Doorkeeper. Mr. Clymer, of Pennsylvania, was in the chair. One of the Georgia delegation nominated General Chas. W. Field, of that State, who was a graduate of West Point and afterward a major-general in the Confederate Army. His political disabilities for treason have only been removed a few months. The nomination was seconded by General Bragg, of Wisconsin, who said he voted for the expulsion of Conduel Polk, but willingly conceded that the position fairly belonged to a Southern State. All he asked was that some honorable, and worthy gentleman should be nominated—one who had gained distinction in the field, and who would command the respect and honor of soldiers everywhere. Mr. Gabriel Bouck, of Wisconsin, spoke in a somewhat similar strain in favor of Mr. Field.

Mr. Roberts, of Maryland, nominated Mr. McCoy, of Baltimore.

Mr. Morse, of Massachusetts, nominated Walter French.

General John B. Clark, of Missouri, nominated General James Shields, of Missouri, and spoke of him as the hero of two wars, and a grand old Democratic warhorse. Mr. Crittenden, of Missouri, spoke in the same strain. Mr. Franklin, of Missouri, opposed the nomination of Shields with considerable bitterness. He said he "would not be dictated to by Ben Butler." He said the Democratic party had honored Shields with two seats in the Senate and had elected him to the House, but Butler led a movement to unseat him and now wanted to give him the pitiful place of doorkeeper; the Speaker, Sergeant-at-Arms, and Clerk are Northern men and of the Union Army; he was not from a Confederate State, but had been with them in heart, and thought they were entitled to a small share of the patronage; as he was the only member from Missouri opposing the nomination of General Shields, he felt called upon to explain his vote; if the Democratic party could not do justice to the ex-Confederate element of the House without being shaken to pieces, then it had better be an independent minority.

Several members said they would be glad to honor General Shields, but that he is too old and unfit for such a position, and Civil Service Reform demands not only an honest but an efficient officer.

General Banning spoke for General Field. Upon a vote being taken, 116 ballots were cast, of which General Field received 69, Shields 20, McCoy 22, and French the remainder. Mr. Randall moved that Field's nomination be made unanimous, which was carried. General Clark, of Missouri, said that General Shields did not desire and would not receive the office at the hands of the Republicans. The caucus then adjourned.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier:

The attack on the Public Schools is without doubt, made by political demagogues for political effect.

Taking advantage of a temporary increase in our taxation, brought upon us by the almost unanimous vote of all classes of our citizens in their zeal for public good, a few demagogues come to the front bellowing, with brazen lungs, "fraud and extravagance;" putting themselves forward as the champions of honesty and retrenchment, and, in their schemes of false economy, threatening to block the wheels of the grandest institution of our country.

When they attack the free schools, they thrust the knife into the very heart of our political existence; they attempt to undermine the bulwarks of our Democratic Government; they throw a fire-brand into every home-circle; they encourage a tendency to aristocracy on the one hand, and to the rule of the rabble on the other; they disgrace themselves and the name of our fair city whose price should be in the education and culture of its sons and daughters.

Take no step backward! Public sentiment, common-sense, the sober "second thought" of all good citizens, oppose all threatening or hinting at any retrograde movement, or in any way tampering with the rightful interests of education. Our schools should be improved; there is still need of it. There has been no extravagance in the educational system of this city. If we have made a bad investment in a Railroad and a Dam, let us pay for it like men, out of our own pockets, and not rob our children of their rightful heritage. Let us encourage in matters that will cause denial to ourselves, and not in those things that will bring ignorance and want on the generation which succeeds us.

BANGOR.

April 6th 1878.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE. An Augusta despatch has already announced that Jos. A. Homan, Esq., for many years the senior proprietor of the *Maine Farmer*, has sold his entire interest being one-half of that newspaper establishment to Joseph H. Manley, Esq., of Augusta. Mr. Homan retires from the cares of business after nearly half a century's service, having started at the printer's case when but twelve years old, and filled the various stages of newspaper duty, from apprentice to proprietor. Twenty years ago, in company with James S. Manley, Esq., (the father of the new co-proprietor) Mr. Homan purchased the *Maine Farmer*, the two having previously been partners in the publication of the *Gospel Banner*. Some three years later Mr. Manley, on account of declining health, sold his interest in the *Farmer* to William S. Badger, Esq., of Augusta, and the firm of Homan & Badger have since then so prosperously conducted the paper that the senior partner is enabled to retire amid the good wishes of the fraternity, with abundant means, as the fruit of a long and industrious career. Mr. Badger, who is a gentleman of fine business abilities, retains his half interest and the new firm will be known as Badger & Manley. Mr. S. L. Boardman will also remain at his post as Agricultural Editor, which he has occupied so efficiently for many years. Dr. Lapham will also continue for the present to conduct the general news and editorial departments which he has had in charge for the past six years.

The new proprietor, Joseph H. Manly, Esq., will ultimately take charge of the news columns and general editorial work, and he will bring to these duties journalistic talent of a high order. Of fine natural abilities, Mr. Manley has had unusual experience in public affairs for a young man; has acquired a wide knowledge of the country by travel, and is a graceful and pleasing writer. He was for many years the Agent of the Associated Press at Augusta, and as a correspondent for various papers, has been familiar with journalistic work. He will devote all his time and energies to the new business relations which he has assumed, and in cordially welcoming him to the newspaper guild, we have no doubt that Messrs. Badger & Manly will make the *Farmer* still more a favorite among the farmers of Maine.

THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE: *Mr. Editor:* It is rumored that there is a cat under the meal after all in the action of the City Government in voting no compensation to the School Committee. The city charter gives authority to the City Government to "define the duties, and fix the compensation of all subordinate officers in cases where such duties and compensation shall not be defined and fixed by the laws of the State." But the laws of the State define the duties and fix the compensation of School Committee, giving them one dollar and fifty cents a day and "all necessary traveling expenses." Unless the Committee agree to serve for nothing, the city may have a larger bill to pay for services rendered in this department than ever before. It is said that the true inwardness of the Reform movement will appear in this direction before the year is out.

CIVIS.

Special Notices.

Card of Thanks.

The Committee on Entertainment at City Hall, FRIDAY EVENING, would tender in behalf of the Ladies' Crusade their grateful thanks to Mrs. Shaw and Sellars, Dr. Jordan, Messrs. Blanchard, Barnabee and Smith, and especially to Mr. Andrews and the Band, and to all others who assisted in making the entertainment one of the highest order.

apr8

BUSKIN CLUB!
BUSKIN CLUB!
BUSKIN CLUB!

NOROMBEGA HALL!
TWO NIGHTS ONLY.
TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, April 16 and 17.
Last Appearance this Season.
A new comedy by the author of "OUR BOYS,"
PARTNERS FOR LIFE!
Will also be presented, on TUESDAY EVENING the roaring farce
"B. B."
and on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the Burlesque,
Bombastes Furioso,
ELEGANT SCENERY & STAGE FITTINGS,
Music by ANDREWS' FULL ORCHESTRA.
Return to Old Prices.
Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, 35 cents.
Sale of seats opens at Bugbee's, Saturday morning, April 13th, at 8 o'clock.

BUSKIN CLUB!
BUSKIN CLUB!
BUSKIN CLUB!
apr8

OPENING
—AT—
DWELLEY & CO.'S,
Wednesday, April 10.
april8 sn

HUMPHREY
under direction of the
BUSKIN CLUB,
WEDNESDAY, April 10th.
Tickets for secured seats in the gallery for sale at H. H. Butler's Drug Store.
apr8

BONNETS.
MISS NELLIE DAGGETT will open on WEDNESDAY, April 10th, SPRING STYLES of TRIMMED BONNETS & HATS.
Please Call.
apr18

OPENING
WEDNESDAY, April 10th, 1878.
F. E. SEAVEY,
(In store with Mr. O. L. Dr. Jr.,) 2 Main Street.
apr 8 sn 1w

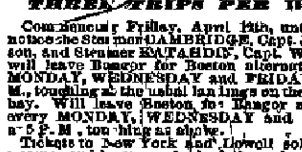
THE ... BOYS
in Brewer will continue to rub under the management of
CHAS. B. WYMAN,
Successor to WM. MCGILVERY & CO.
P. O. Address, Bangor, Me.
April, 1878.

AT TOWN HALL, BREWER
TUESDAY EVENING, April 9th.
Dancers who wish to enjoy a select good time are respectfully invited.
Ladies will please bring ties with name in sealed Envelopes.
First class Music consisting of four pieces.
Admission 25 and 50 cents.
Brewer April 6th, 1878. sn3

For Rent.
Store No. 3 Harlow's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, now occupied by A. B. Robinson as a Fruit Store, Soda and Beer Manufactory, supplies with Holy water, &c. The location is its own recommendation. Apply to S. C. HARLOW, 131 Centre St.
apr8 sn

PORTLAND, BANGOR AND MACHIAS
STEAMBOAT CO.
Change of Time for Bangor, Mt. Desert and Machias.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
(Commencing April 9th, and until further notice) the STEAMER LEWISTON, Capt. Chas. Deering, will leave Railroad Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY EVENING at 10 o'clock, for Rockland, Camden, Lincolnville, Belfast, Searsport, Sandy Point, Bucksport, Winterport, Hampden and Bangor.
Returning leaves Bangor every THURSDAY MORNING at 6 o'clock, touching as above, arriving in Portland about 5 P. M.
Will also leave Portland for Machiasport every FRIDAY EVENING, at 10 o'clock, touching at Rockland, Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, So. West Harbor, Bar Harbor, (Mt. Desert,) Millbridge and Jonesport.
Returning leave Machiasport every MONDAY MORNING at 4.30, touching as above, arriving in Portland same evening, usually connecting with the Pullman Night Train and early morning trains for Boston and the West.
The STEAMER "CITY OF RICHMOND," will be repainted and placed on the Bangor Route about the first of May, making three trips per week, as usual.
For further particulars inquire of A. KENDRICK, Agent, Bangor.
apr8 (Com. copy)

INSIDE STEAMERS.
Bangor, Boston, Lowell and New York.



Spring Arrangement.
THREE TRIPS PER WEEK.
Commencing Friday, April 12th, until further notice the Steamer CAMBRIDGE, Capt. J. P. Johnson, and Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. W. R. Roix, will leave Bangor for Boston alternately every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 11 A. M., touching at the usual landings on the river and bay. Will leave Boston for Bangor alternately every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 P. M., touching as above.
Tickets to New York and Lowell sold on each steamer and baggage checked through.
April 8, 1878. JAS. LITTLEFIELD, Agent.

For Rent.
Very desirable front room adapted for office use, 16 Main street.
apr6 HERSEY & PLAISTED.

...
In the First Baptist Church, E. T. HAZLEWOOD, Pastor, will take place on MONDAY EVENING, April 8, at 7 1/2 o'clock.
apr5 Per Order.

NOROMBEGA HALL, BANGOR.
MONDAY EVENING, April 15.
Superfluous Women,
—BY—
...
(The Queen of the Platform.)
MRS. LIVERMORE has no equal as a lecturer either in America or England. John Stuart Mill speaks of her as one of the ablest women of the age. Of a ripe and varied scholarship, endowed with a calm and superb eloquence, and a judgment that is rarely at fault, she sways her audiences with a royal authority and converts them in spite of themselves. All our citizens should improve this opportunity of hearing this most popular speaker. Mrs. LIVERMORE sails for Europe on the 27th of this month.
Admission, 25 cents.
Reserved Seats, 35 and 50 cents.
Sale will open Thursday morning, April 11.
Persons out of town can get good seats by sending to D. Bugbee & Co., Kenduskeag Bridge.
apr8 sn

Presidential Portraits
A fine Sett of Pictures of the Presidents of the United States from Washington to Hayes. Perfect likenesses, all uniform size and style. A new thing just out. Price 25 cents' sett. For sale by
SMITH & SON,
apr4 10 Kenduskeag Bridge.

LECTURE!
Mr. J. L. Stoddard,
Of Boston, will deliver in UNITY HALL,
On Tuesday Evening, April 9th,
one of his famous European lectures, entitled
PARIS.
This lecture will be superbly illustrated by Stereopticon Views, under the management of Mr. Hardy.
PARIS. Its Origin. Lutetia Parisiorum. La Madeleine. Place de la Concorde. Obelisk of Luxor. Champs Elysees. Tuilleries. Place du Carrousel. Louvre. Venus of Melos. Rue de Rivoli. Place Bastille. Boulevards. Grand Opera House. Arch of Triumph. Column Vendome. Palais Royal. Notre Dame. Luxembourg. Hotel des Invalides. Tomb of the Emperor.
Tickets 50c. For sale at Jacob Stern & Co.'s and D. Bugbee & Co.'s. mc127

The ANCHOR LINE
TO GLASGOW—TO LONDON.
Cabin $65 and $80, Second Cabin $45, Steerage $31, from Europe, including transfer of baggage in New York. Excursion tickets good one year, $120 and $140. Full particulars of W. H. BROWN, Agent, 21 Main St., Bangor, Me.
april1 sn

Miss NELLIE DAGGETT
Has just returned from New York with a Stock of MILLINERY GOODS which will be opened TO-DAY in half of Store occupied by N. C. Brown.
Feeling confident that her work will give satisfaction, as it formerly has, she will be pleased to receive orders from her friends and others, wishing first class MILLINERY, TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS, also CAPS and HEAD-DRESSES, constantly on hand.
No. 60 Main Street.
apr4 1lawin

SPRING OPENING
OF
FANCY GOODS
—AND—
Pattern Bonnets,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1878.
MRS. L. W. COOMBS.
apr3

UNSURPASSED!
JACOB STERN & CO.
OFFER
100 Pairs of Ladies' Two Button Black Kid Gloves worth $1.00 for 50 cents a pair.
100 Pairs of Ladies' Two Button Black Kid Gloves worth $1.50 for 75 cents a pair.
100 Pairs of Ladies' Two Button Josephine Seamless Black Kid Gloves, every pair warranted, worth $2.00 for $1.50 a pair.
100 Pairs of "Reyniers" Gentlemen's Gloves, the best Street Glove for Gentlemen in the market, worth $2.00 for $1.50 a pair.
Call early if you wish to secure a pair.
apr2 sn

MISS KITTREDGE
WILL OPEN ON
SATURDAY, APRIL 6th,
all the new and desirable shapes, also novelties in
MILLINERY GOODS
selected from the best houses in Boston and New York.
NO. 70 MAIN ST.
apr3 sn 1w

Notice to Water Takers.
You are hereby notified that the Water Rates for the quarter ending July 1, 1878, are due and payable at the office of the Water Board in City Hall, on the 1st day of April, 1878.
Ten per cent will be added to all rates remaining unpaid twenty days, agreeable to section 11 of An Ordinance to Regulation of Bangor Water Works.
1apr1 ar1w GEO. F. BRYANT, Clerk.

CITY OF BANGOR.
ASSESSORS' NOTICE!
The Inhabitants of the City of Bangor, and others having Taxable Property within said City, are hereby notified and requested to bring in to the undersigned, Assessors of said City, true and perfect lists of their Polls, and all their Estates, Real and Personal, including Money on hand, and all Money loaned on property hypothecated upon mortgages, bonds, deeds, notes, due bills and memorandums, or in any manner so invested that interest or other consideration shall be paid or become due thereon, debts due more than owing, and all property held in trust as Guardian, Executor, Administrator, or otherwise, (except such as is by law exempt from taxation,) which they are possessed of on the first day of April instant, and to be prepared to substantiate the same by oath.
All persons owning Real Estate, whose property was assessed in the *wrong name*, or by a *wrong description*, in the Inventory of 1877, or who have *purchased* or *sold Real Estate*, within the past year, will call at the Assessors' office during the period specified below, and have the proper corrections and transfers made for 1878.
And for the purpose of receiving said Lists and making transfers of Real Estate, the undersigned will be in session at their Office during the business hours of each day, in the Assessors' Room, City Hall, from the 1st to the 15th, inclusive, of April instant Sundays excepted, and any personal examination of property by the Assessor will not be considered as a waiver for neglect of any person in bringing in true and perfect lists, as required by law. Blank Schedules may be had at the Assessors' Office.
Those persons who neglect to comply with this notice will be debarred by law from appealing from the decision of the Assessors, on their application for abatement.
S. C. HATCH, LEMUEL NASH, SAMUEL R. GATON, Assessors.
Bangor, March 30, 1878. taplo

AT THE
NEW MUSIC STORE
You can still get the same quality of goods for less money than of any other parties. A well selected stock of both
SQUARE AND UPRIGHT
PIANOS,
constantly on hand. Would call especial attention to the W. P. EMERSON, both Square and upright, they being an old established make and remarkable for standing in tune. The LATEST STYLES of ORGANS always on hand among which are a variety of the celebrated
PALACE ORGANS
which, besides having all the improvements in the modern organs, have many new and valuable ones never before offered. (The same will be sent and to any who wish.) Band Instruments, Strings and Sheet Music, and other Musical merchandise very low.
C. F. SAWTELLE,
march25 (Com. copy.) 76 Main Street

The Upright Piano
is, from its small, compact form and handsome exterior, especially suited to the parlors of many houses where a Square Piano could not conveniently be placed. The volume of tone is fully equal to any Square Grand Piano, while the quality is of the most exquisite musical character. The durability of Upright Pianos, and their capacity of standing in tune is unparalleled in the history of Piano-making. I have both UPRIGHT and SQUARE PIANOS of all grades and prices, including the unapproachable
STEINWAY & SONS.
PIANO COVERS, elegant designs, Piano Stools, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Harmonicas.
New Music every day, everything in the musical line. Entire stock new and attractive.
F. S. DAVENPORT,
Main St., under Globe Hotel.

PURE WHITE LEAD.
We call the attention of the public to our strictly Pure White Lead, for which we have appointed RICE & SKINNER Sole Agents for Bangor and vicinity.
BURGESS, FOBES & CO.
Portland, March 18, 1878. sm

Mr. John L. Jocelyn
Having given up his room on Main Street, will hereafter give instruction in Vocal Music at the residence of his pupils.
TERMS.
$10 for twenty hour lessons.
$10 for twenty half hour lessons.
march 1 sn

LUMBERMEN AND RIVER DRIVERS
TAKE NOTICE.
That I am prepared to furnish Scull Oars, Bateau Oars, Paddles, Split and Shaved Cant-Dog Stocks, Ash, Spotted Maple Poles, and Setting Poles, of a superior quality and at short notice, which I am selling as low as can be bought elsewhere. Parties that are in want of any of the above Driving Tools had better compare my Stock with others before purchasing.
All orders promptly attended to.
EDMUND FREEMAN.
Oldtown, Jan. 19th, 1878. sm 6m

WANTED.
Some competent Boat hands. None others need apply.
WM. PLAISTED & SON,
march29 sn Lincoln, Me.

Box Papers.
New Lot just received with prices to suit the times, at
John T. Bowler & Co.'s,
Successors to M. H. Andrews,
march30 sn No. 8 Kenduskeag Bridge.

SELECT SCHOOL.
The undersigned would receive pupils, especially in Latin, Greek, and the Mathematics necessary for entrance on the classical course in college.
Any one interested is invited to communicate with him, either personally or by mail.
feb7 13w* JAMES, H. CROSBY, 8 Broadway.

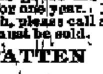
THE
Connecticut Mutual
LIFE INS. CO., OF HARTFORD,
has paid through this Agency alone about $34,711 for claims since January 1st, 1878. For particulars concerning the Company apply to
H. N. FAIRBANKS, Gen'l Agent,
Room 3, 27 Main Street, Bangor.
mar30

Pianoforte Tuning,
BY F. H. LOUGEE.
All orders left with M. H. ANDREWS, No. 8 Kenduskeag Bridge, will be promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed.
dec7

SPRING CLOTHING.
Also SPRING SUITS, MEN'S AND BOYS'. A large lot just received and selling at Prices guaranteed as low or lower than the lowest. Call and see the genuine dealers.
march25 J. E. CHAPMAN & CO.
mdw

NOTICE.
Accounts in favor of the late B. H. BOARDMAN will be settled with GEO. W. HALL, No. 17 Centre St.
F. T. BOARDMAN, Adm'r.
Bangor, March 22, 1878. 3n3w

WANTED.
Canvassers and Agents for the NEW AMERICAN SEWING MACHINE. Liberal inducements offered.
Apply at 74 Main St., Bangor.
mch25 sn 4w*

GREAT SLAUGHTER

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS, at Wholesale prices to reduce our stock and make room for the
Little Model Upright Piano.
SPECIAL CASH OFFERS.
1 New 7-Octave Piano, elegant Rosewood case, carved legs, price $550, only $225.
1 New 5-Octave Organ, price $225, for only $85.
1 Good 7-Octave Chickering Piano, four round corners, Rosewood case, only $160.
1 Good 5-Octave Organ, only $45.
These goods are fully warranted and kept in tune for one year. If the above prices are not low enough, please call and make your own prices as they must be sold.
PATTEN & WHEELDEN.
oct5 d&w

W. P. DICKEY & CO.'S Hardware Specialties

BEST CLOTHES WRINGERS for	$3.0
WINDOWS & DOORS (Lowest price),	$6 ch
CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS (lowest price),	5.0
HAND SAWS, sharp,	50 cts
HARDWARE at less price than ever before.	
Agents for MISSOURI WHITE LEAD.	
Also, LARD, WHALE AND NEATS FOOT OIL	
PAINTS AND OILS very low.	

feb11

IF YOU WISH TO
INVEST
YOUR MONEY
Yourself
you can buy 6 per cent., 5 per cent., 4 1/2 per cent., or 4 per cent. U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS, exempt from taxation. Also
BANGOR
CITY
BONDS
and other Municipal Securities at
LOWEST PRICES,
—OF—
Bowler & Merrill,
BANKERS,
and Proprietors of the BANGOR SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS,
No. 7 Kenduskeag Block,
BANGOR, MAINE.
$50, $100, $500 and $1000 Bonds constantly on hand for sale.
FOREIGN SECURITIES
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
march1 sn

D. W. MAXFIELD,
DENTIST.
Office No. 2 1-2 Strickland's Block,
Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine,
Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted. sn tf octl

DR. LEMONT
has removed to
No. 7 Adams St., near York St,
nov21 tf (Com. copy)

MUNICIPAL BONDS.
BANGOR 6s
BELFAST 6s
BATH 6s
ROCKLAND 6s
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
W. J. WEBB,
BOND AND STOCK BROKER,
22 West Market Square.
march23

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office in Bangor, Penobscot County, Maine, Apr. 6, 1878. Persons calling for any of those letters will please say "Advertised," and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

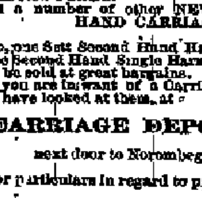
B	G
Burrett Henry	Gates, W D
Buck, Mr	George, Leonard
Brown, Chas W	J
C	Jordan, E H
Clark, George D	M
D	Morgan T L G
Dillins, Charles	Meyers, Louis
E	P
Edwards, John	Porter, Sam'l W
Elliseh, Charlie	S
G	Stewart, C
Graves, 3	Shine, John
Grant, Albion M	W
	Whitney, C E
	Wiley, A F

LADIES' LIST.

B	J
Butters, mrs A G	Johnston, Myula A
Beyer, miss Lizzie	L
C	Lawry, mrs Lizzie
Carlisle, Tillie M	Lowell, miss Lizzie B
Cowan, mrs Olive	M
Crawford, mrs Mary I	McKenney, Julia A
F	S
Fairbanks, mrs Abby	Robinson, mrs E F
Fisher, mrs Temperance	W
G	Woodman, Miss Ollie
Graves, mrs Mary H	

A. D. FARNHAM, P. M.

C. W. COFFIN'S
PUBLIC OPENING
OF
FRENCH MILLINERY,
Wednesday, April 10.
apr6

CARRIAGES
AT A VERY LOW PRICE.

One light second hand Job Wagon.
Two Express Wagons.
One second hand Phaeton.
One Jump Seat Carryall.
One Two Seated Covered Beach Wagon.
One Skeleton Road Wagon.
One Piano Box Top Buggy.
One New Phaeton.
And a number of other NEW AND SECOND HAND CARRIAGES.
Also, one Sett Second Hand Hack Harnesses and three Second Hand Single Harnesses, all of which will be sold at great bargains.
If you are in want of a Carriage, don't buy till you have looked at them, at
CARRIAGE DEPOSITORY,
next door to Norombega Market.
For particulars in regard to price enquire of
F. P. WOOD,
SHOE STORE, NO. 6 MAIN ST.
apr6

ONE REVOLVING BLACK WALNUT
BOOK CASE,
excellent for a Lawyer's office.
One Large Desk with Book Case attached,
suitable for House, Counting-room or Lawyer's office.
Two Nine Foot Show Cases.
Will be sold at a very low price and are a great bargain. Enquire of
F. P. WOOD,
Shoe Store, No. 6 Main St., Bangor.
1 apr6

MARRIED.
In this city, April 6th, by Rev. G. W. Field, Mr. Nels A. Nelson of Galveston, Texas, and Miss Tillie E. Johnson of Bangor.

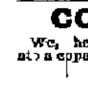
DIED
In this city, April 4th, Gertrude E. Condon, aged 9 months and 1 day.
In New York, April 5th, Marion, daughter of George W. and Helen W. Ayer Dillingham, aged 11 months. No funeral.

IN MEMORIAM.
In Oldtown, Jan. 17, 1877, by accident in falling from the cars, George H., eldest son of David and Mary E. Norton, aged 33 years.
June 11, 1877, of grief for her son, Mary Elizabeth, wife of David Norton, aged 61 years.
March 6, 1878, of diphtheria, W. Frank, son of George H. and Hattie Norton, aged 12 years.
The last year has been indeed a sad one to his afflicted family. First, the eldest son returning in perfect health from his day's employment, fell from the cars and by a sad accident, after a few hours of fearful suffering, was taken in the prime of manhood from his mourning parents and three orphan boys.
The mother bowed her head under the stroke and never raised it again. Her heart could not bear the great agony of its love, but *broke in its exquisite tenderness of motherhood*.
As if in gratitude that Death had so long spared her own, her sympathy had ever fallen as a balm of comfort to *all* in sorrow and need, and now, not only the children rise up and call her blessed, her husband also and he praiseth her, but a whole community nearly every family, from richest to the poorest, have cause from many and tenderest obligations, to lay up in her grave a mead of grateful praise.
This mother had for several years, beside her own, cherished with fondest happiest care, her son's motherless boys, and it is pleasant now to think of her drawing one of these to her yearning heart in the "Better Land." It seems to us, in going to meet her lost one, she was still lonely for those she left behind, and the Father has given this one more to join her, where she waits for all to be gathered home.
But on this side it all seems sad and dark and full of disappointment—to the husband so bereft, to the son, to whom, at his post of duty and danger on the Western Plains, message after message of grief has been borne, and to the daughter, who has so bravely received the mantle of duty for the home and its orphan charge.
To these and all who miss them, to lose one so loving and useful, one in life's prime, the hope of fond hearts, and the beautiful youth brightest at home, in school, a bright hope to all who knew him, the loss is irreparable.
Those who bear it can only try to wait—grateful for what the Father spares—till all is made whole again, and they shall see what now Faith reaches out to grasp, that "all things work together for good."

In Garland, Me., March 31st, 1878, Mrs. Susan Quimby Murdock, wife of Mr. Russel Murdock, aged 75 years.
Mrs. M. was a native of N. H., where among the granite hills and their pure surroundings, was laid the foundation of a character of marked strength and lofty aspirations.
At the age of 15 years she came to Bangor, Me., where she resided with a sister, enjoying the benefit of the city schools, which privilege she highly prized, and so well improved that she became a teacher, and for twenty years was engaged in that capacity in the city. She became connected with the First Parish Cong. Church in Bangor, where she formed many friendships which were lasting as life. *Most of those* friends and *all* of her own family have passed away before her.
In 1840 she married Mr. R. Murdock, of Garland, Me., to which place she removed and entered upon her new duties with characteristic energy and conscientious faithfulness. As a wife she was affectionate and untiring in her devotion to the comfort of her husband and the interests of his family.
In her new home, surrounded with the abundant comforts of farm and country life, her city friends loved often to come, and enjoy the generous hospitality which she and her husband knew so well how to dispense. Here she connected herself with the Congregational Church, of which she continued a worthy member until death. Her aid in the Sabbath School and in various ways, as she had opportunity to render it, was much valued.
As the burden of years and failing health began to bear upon her, she leaned more and more confidently upon the Lord. About a year ago it became apparent that she had disease of the heart. A partial shock of paralysis rendered her almost helpless for a few days, but she soon rallied and took up, in a measure, her former cares, but with feeble hands, and with a consciousness that her summons might come at any hour.
One week before her death she was again prostrated, and it became evident that her labor on earth was done. After lingering eight days, partially conscious and without great apparent suffering, she quietly passed away on the last Sabbath of the month in which she was born. While her friends sorrow that they will see her face no more on earth, they rejoice in the hope that she has entered upon an eternal Sabbath of rest in her Father's house on high.

PENOBSCOT FARMERS' CLUB.
The next meeting of this Club will be held at Orrington, FRIDAY, April 12th, at 10 A. M., and April 19th, at Stetson Town Hall. Carriages will be in readiness on the arrival of the train from Bangor to take those who attend the meeting to the Hall, returning them in season for the evening train.
apr8 d&wlt

F. H. CLERGUE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 8 Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Bangor, Me.
Faithful attention to rents and collections.
apr8 d&w

FOR SALE.

Brig "GEORGE HARRIS." This is a good old vessel, in good running order, and can be bought low. She is a good carrier, appears to be sound and would be a good vessel to rebuild. For particulars enquire of N. B. STOWERS,
apr8 2w Sandy Point.

COPARTNERSHIP.
We, the undersigned, have this day entered into a copartnership the firm name to be known as
DUNBAR, GATES & CO.,
for the purpose of continuing the Grocery, Meat and Provision business in all its branches, at the old stand of Wiswell & Dunbar, No. 47 State St.
SCOTT DUNBAR.
M. T. GATES.
Bangor, April 8, 1878

DISSOLUTION.
The firm of M. T. GATES & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
L. J. MORSE.
M. T. GATES.
Bangor, April 8, 1878.

Notice to Creditors in Bankruptcy.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF MAINE. In the matter of Jason A. Crowell, of Bangor, in said District, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy.
At Portland, in said District, on the third day of April, A. D. 1878.
District of Maine, ss. Said alleged bankrupt has proposed a composition of ten per centum, to each of his creditors, and that a meeting of the creditors of said alleged bankrupt has been ordered, and will be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, before Register Hamlin, in Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, on the twenty fifth day of April, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., to consider the said proposition as provided by Rule XXXVI of General Orders in Bankruptcy. Petition in Bankruptcy filed third day of April, A. D. 1878.
WALLACE PREBLE,
Dep. Clerk of the U. S. District Court, for the District of Maine. eMtap25

MR. HENRY W. ... the ... partner in our firm
RICHARDSON, ...
Boston, April 1, 1878.

FOR SALE.
The new and desirable house on ... Street, residence of the late ... This house is fitted with all the modern conveniences including furnace, ... hot water and bath room. Terms easy.
Apply on the premises between the hours of ... and 1 P. M., to ... E. T. BOARDMAN ...
apr6

B. C. ADDITON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Attends to all legal business ... claims and accounts collected ... any bonds for the privilege of ... tion Bureau. It has been proved that ... and his solid work and not the ... made the most success ... collection ... a practical collector, with the ... that line, gives some knowledge of the ... their ability to pay.
No. 1 Main Street, Bangor.
1ptf

KNOX HOTEL,
Main Street, Thomaston, Me.
WM. E. BICKFORD, Proprietor.
Respectfully announces that the house having been thoroughly REMODELED, REFURNISHED, ... is now ready for permanent and transient guests.
No pains will be spared ... comfort and convenience of its patrons. ...
Commodious Sample Rooms for the ... of COMMERCIAL AGENTS.
Coaches leave this House for all ... trains. Also daily lines of stages to the ... ing country.
A First Class Livery Stable connected with the House.

FOR SALE.
The School house building on ... as may be desired, situated on the corner of ... low and Summer streets. Also a lot ... ble school house, furniture, ... and desks.
The building can be made into a ... convenient dwelling house at small ...
For particulars apply to PEARL & ...
apr15

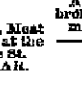
Spring Styles Room Papers,
BORDERS AND PAPER SHADES.
A large and unusually handsome selection of ... prices.
CHAS. HIGHT'S,
apr4 3 Smith's Block.

BUCKSPORT MARINE RAILWAY
L. B. PRATT, Proprietor.
Reduced Rates.
TERMS FOR HAULING OUT & LAY DAYS
For vessels of 100 tons and upwards, 10 cents per ton for hauling out, 5 cents per ton for lay day for four days.
All under 100 tons $10.00 for Hauling out per ... day ... four days.
No charge for first day in any case.
The management of this Railway has been placed in the charge of WM. BEAZLEY & CO. as practical Carpenters and Caulkers, are prepared to do repairing of all kinds. All work ... to their care will be promptly and faithfully done.
REFERENCES.—E. B. Swazey, Bucksport; ... Dresser, Castine; Hugh Ross, Bangor.
For further information inquire of WM. SWAZEY & CO., Bucksport, Maine.
Bucksport, Apr 18, 1878. L. B. PRATT.

HOUSE PAINTING,
SIGN PAINTING,
FRESCO PAINTING,
in the best style and at the lowest prices.
MARSTON & GORHAM,
No. 14 (Ground Floor) East Market Sq.
apr3

NOTICE.
The annual meeting of the State College ... the State will be holden at the College ... at Orono, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day ...
Per Order.
mch30 BWF ... E. F. DECKER, Sec.

FOR SALE.
One New Two or Three Horse Concord Stage Wagon.
Seats six passengers inside and six outside. Built to order by Abbott Downing & Co. Will be sold at a great Bargain.
L. NICHOLS.
Bangor, April 1, 1878.

FOR SALE.

The following Horses
One Mare, 7 years old, sound, kind, safe for any one to drive, weighs ... pounds.
One Horse, 8 years old, kind, sound, ... any one to ride or drive, weighs 925.
Also one black Colt, 3 years old, sound, broken. Address ... F. M. TALBOT, ...
mch30 2w* West Pro...

OUR
NEW CARPETS
HAVE COME!
We invite the attention of purchasers to our large stock of
BODY BRUSSELLS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELLS,
KIDDERMINSTER,
AND INGRAIN
CARPETING;
Embracing all the Novelties of the Season, which for quality and colorings are not excelled anywhere, and the Prices we guarantee to be as low as are offered in the larger markets.
—ALSO—
RUGS, MATS AND RUGS
MATTINGS, ALL QUALITIES,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
LINOLEUM in New Designs, with Borders
all at lowest market prices.
Please call and examine our Stock.
A. ... Roberts & Son,
NO. 7 MAIN ST.
Apr4 3tfw

LOST.
Saturday afternoon, (March 30th,) between John Cassidy's Store, Broad Street, and European House, a valuable Brooch. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving same at office of Thomas J. Stewart, 21 Broad Street. apr

COLBURN WHARF
FOR SALE OR RENT.
The Wharf and Lot owned by the heirs of the late Gen. Chas. ... and for several years past leased to the ... Steamship Company.
The Wharf measures 173 feet on the water, and extends back the same width, and about the same number of feet in front street.
This property is valuable on account of its central location, and very desirable as a *permanent investment*.
If not sold within the present month, the property will be for Rent.
Inquire of JOHN BRIGHT
Bangor, April 1, 1878

BIRD CAGES,
Just received, selling low.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Revolvers, Fans, Umbrellas, Pipes, &c., repaired.
Gold Jewelry made to order.
Engraving a specialty.
DANIEL WHITE,
No. 24 Kenduskeag Bridge
mch23

50 BOXES
Oranges and Lemons
Just received and will be sold low by
NORTON & FARRINGTON,
apr3 139 Exchange Street.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

MONDAY, APRIL 8, 1878.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

POSTAL CHANGES

WASHINGTON, April 6. Among the postal changes for the week are the following: Bridge's Corner, Washington county, Me. Chas. H. Bridge, Postmaster; Hunnewell's Point, Sagadahoc county, J. M Perkins, Postmaster; South Presque Isle, Aroostook county, Albert McGlauflin, Postmaster, David B. Cobb, Searsmont, Waldo county, Joseph D. Currier.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

MASSACHUSETTS.

A Terrible Boiler Explosion—Four Men Killed and Six Wounded—The Engine Blown Through Two Buildings.

BOSTON, April 6. About 3 o'clock this evening a fifty horse power boiler in the engine room of the Boston Stamping Manufactory of Seavey & Co., Third street Cambridge, exploded, killing three men fatally injuring another, and more or less severely, six others. The boiler was hurled through the brick walls of the engine room and the wooden walls of a building enclosing it, 130 feet across the canal. Michael Monland, engineer, was found crushed between the boiler and the granite walls of the canal. James Anglin and Nathan Burgess, at work in the rivetting room in a line with the course of the boiler were taken from the canal dead and mangled, having been swept along by the boiler in its terrific flight. Geo. Gearity was taken from the engine room fatally injured. The two story building in which was the engine room was completely demolished. The main building, five stories high and in which 100 men were at work was considerably shattered and on the side nearest to the engine room every pane of glass was broken. The cause of the explosion is not known.

WASHINGTON.

Criticism of the President and The Cabinet.

NEW YORK, April 6. It is stated that at a conference of several members of the Republican general Committee at Washington, Hayes was bitterly criticised by Logan, Gorham and W. E. Chandler, and defended by Foster. The latter, in response to the query, "What can we say to the people for the Administration?" said, with a good deal of warmth, "This is what we can say: That the Administration has been in power a year, and there has not been a single scandal connected with any department of the Government!" That, he asserted is more than can be said of any previous Administration for forty years. The Administration is honest; nobody accuses it of jobbery. It is respectable, and no matter how much people may criticise, no one ascribes its mistakes to dishonest motives. Its appointments have on the whole been good, and its business efficiently performed. He then took up the Southern question and described the situation at the time the President came into office. He asserted that, instead of the Republican party having been destroyed in the South by Hayes, it was particularly dead in every State when the present Administration came into power. Foster contrasted Hayes' Cabinet with Grant's, and along array of subordinate officers who had proved incompetent or unfaithful, and reiterated that no scandal of any kind had been fixed upon any of Hayes' appointees. In regard to the proposition of breaking with the President, he denounced it as short-sighted and suicidal. He warned those who were criticising the President so severely, that the people would certainly attribute their hostility to personal disappointment in regard to patronage, and they would look upon the present as an Administration with honest purposes, and upon those in Congress who were opposing it as probably soreheads.

The proposition that the party in its State and Congressional conventions, and addresses of the Congressional committee, should repudiate the President and in fact read him out of the party, was opposed by Representatives Hale, Page and Phillips, who while they had nothing to say for the Administration, did not see how anything was to be gained by advertising the differences between the President and the party. They said it should be their duty when the Congressional committee reorganize, to make an earnest effort to bring about an understanding between the President and the party, and to induce the former to act in harmony with the latter. If this effort failed, then they would be in favor of consolidating the party, ignoring the President, and pushing the campaign in the fall with all possible vigor. They were opposed to any attacks upon the President from the Republican ranks, thinking it bad enough to have to carry the party burdens without his help. The construction of the Cabinet was strongly objected to, and several members of it, including Schurz, were denounced as unpractical men, who were not Republicans.

A David Dudley Field Bill.

The Herald says it is probable that Monday Mr. Finley, of Ohio, will introduce a bill drawn by David Dudley Field to carry into effect the savings clause of the bill creating the Electoral Commission which provides that the Supreme Court may have jurisdiction as to questions of fact in regard to who is legally elected President. The bill provides that the cause shall be determined by a jury to be selected from prominent citizens of the States. The other features of the bill relate to the machinery to carry out the details of the cause. The bill will be referred to the Judiciary Committee and it is claimed that Knott, Stenger, McMahon, Lloyd and Harris, Democrats, and Butler and Frye, Republicans, will report favorably on the bill.

NEW YORK STATE.

Fifteen Persons Burned to Death.

BATH, N. Y., April 7. One of the buildings of the Steuben County (N. Y.) Poor House was burned Saturday night and fifteen inmates perished in the fire, which was set by an insane pauper.

Fatal Accident.

BUFFALO, April 6. A huge vat on the fifth floor of the Buffalo grape sugar works containing fifty tons of wet corn, burst to-day, carrying the corn and a portion of the vat to the ground floor through the hopper, crushing to death Henry Bast, aged 23 years, two others narrowly escaping death. The vat was being tried for the first time.

FLORIDA.

Loss of the Steamer Agnes.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 7. A special to the Morning News says the loss of the steamship Agnes off Mosquito Inlet Florida will prevent the Postal Committee from going to Havana. They will return to Washington at once.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., April 8—(1 A. M.)

Indications.

For New England; Partially clear weather, areas of rain, stationary temperature, Northwesterly winds, and rising barometer.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

The Secretary of War has transmitted to the Senate a communication from the Adjutant General, wherein the latter recommends an appropriation of $30,000 to continuing the work of collection and payment of bounties due colored soldiers and sailors to January first 1879.

The Indian office has ordered the transfer of the Apache Indians to the Southern Ute Agency.

The Sprague mills at Natick were running Saturday. In other villages the help stay out, fearing a repetition of the scenes of Friday; all quiet so far.

Jonathan Gray, an insane man hung himself at Dover, N. H., Saturday.

The specie shipment from New York for Europe Saturday was $300 000 in gold.

The London stock market on Saturday showed more confidence, consols and Russian securities bringing higher prices.

Business men of New Orleans represent that the laws of the State are promptly enforced, and that the State compares favorably with Northern States as regards lawlessness and crime.

A Chico, Cal., despatch says the Jason Sprunger sash and door factory was burned Saturday. Loss from $50,00 to $75,000. No insurance.

Hugh Cavanagh who has been missing since Wednesday, was found drowned in the river at Pawtucket, R. I., Saturday.

Ex-Treasurer Cardozo was released from prison upon giving bail for $8 000 for trial on the first Monday in July. There are now no political prisoners in jail in South Carolina.

Redmond, the outlaw, proposes to the authorities to surrender for trial, denying participating in the rescue of revenue prisoners, and stating that he shot Duckworth in North Carolina in self defence.

Wages to colliers in the Shenandoah Valley have been reduced 4 per cent. for April below last month's basis. There will be no strike.

A son of Secretary Evarts is reported dangerously sick at San Francisco, en route home from his position in a mercantile house in China. Mrs. Evarts and a younger son will meet him at Omaha.

British Minister Thornton has officially expressed to the Secretary of State the high sense the Queen's Government entertains of the honor done to the Government of Canada and to Her Majesty's representative by the courtesy shown to the Governor-General of Canada, Lord Dufferin, by the President on the occasion of his Lordship's recent visit to Washington.

The Post Office Appropriation bill as agreed to by the Committee, appropriates in the aggregate $33,190,873, which is $3,247,398 below the estimate, and $809,000 less than last year.

The four steamers which sailed from New York for Europe, Saturday took comparatively full lists of passengers and full cargoes of produce. Among the shipments were 66 horses, and about 1500 cases of canned goods, said to be on English Government account.

J. Madison Welles has withdrawn his remarks reflecting upon R. L. Gibson of La., made in a recently published letter. The Sun says that Anderson will be nominated for Collector of New Orleans.

It is stated that the President has a letter from Governor Hampton proposing that if the Federal Government will nolle prosequi all cases against the citizens of South Carolina under the civil rights and reconstruction laws, that the State will dismiss all political cases except Patterson and Kempton. No answer has been given to the latter as yet.

The Russian minister at Washington expects war and the English minister says that England only wants the freedom of the Dardanelles.

The strike on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad does not progress much. New engineers and and firemen will be put to work Monday. The excitement is intense, the strikers having the open sympathy of the citizens at Topeka. A number of engines have been ditched and some violence offered.

Two tramps were burned to death in a barn at Plainfield, N. J., Friday and another severely burned was sent to the hospital.

The funeral of General Thomas C. Deven U. S. A., Commandant at Fort Laramie, W. T., who died in New York, Thursday, was largely attended.

The United States steamer Wyoming sailed from the Brooklyn Navy Yard for Havre, Saturday, laden with exhibits for the Paris exposition.

Smuggler pulled up lame while being exercised Saturday and it is feared the injury will cause his retirement from the turf.

Seven of those injured by the rail-road collision at Statington, Pa., Friday, are dead and others are in a critical condition.

Thirty frame houses in the lower part of Harrisburg, Pa., owned by the Lochiel Iron Co., were burned Saturday; loss $12,000. About half the houses were unoccupied.

William Vaughn, convicted of the murder of Mary Quinn, at St. John, N. B. has been sentenced to be hanged June 22d.

A runaway horse threw C. C. Perry from a wagon at North Conway, N. H. Saturday, breaking both legs above the knee and otherwise injuring him so that he died Sunday.

Luther Redfield, a former president of the Tarrytown, N. Y., bank, was arrested in Chicago, Saturday, on a requisition from the Attorney General of New York.

The President and Cabinet were received by the Council of Chester, Pa., on their arrival Saturday, and after a lunch, speeches were made by the President, Governor Hartranft and others. The President gave a handshaking soiree and left at 5 o'clock for Washington.

The United States ship Portsmouth from New York, arrived at Havre Saturday with pictures and goods for the Paris exhibition.

The Methuen Mass., jute mill which shut down last week owing to a strike of weavers will start to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, April 6. Money 7 per cent. Sterling Exchange closed at 4 86 1/2@4.89. Gold closed at 100 5/8.

Government Securities closed at the following quotations:—

U. S. 6's, due 81	(coup Jan 1 & July 1) ex int	107 1/4
" "	'65, (coup Jan 1 & July 1)	104
" "	'67, (coup Jan 1 & July 1)	107
" "	'68, (coup Jan 1 & July 1)	109
U. S. 5's,		104
" 10-40's, 5 per c'ts.	(coup Mar 1 & Sep. 1)	105
" currency 6's,		117
" 4 1/2,		103
" 4s,		100

[Above quotations include the accrued interest]

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, April 6. Flour is dull—sales 12,000—Superfine western and State, 4.40 @ 5.85; extra Ohio, 5.15@6.75; White wheat western, 5.90 6.50. Southern, 5.25 @7.50.

WHEAT is easier—sales 385,000 bushels—No. 3 Spring, 1.23, ungraded winter red, 1.33

CORN, lower—sales 123,000 bushels—ungraded western mixed, 49@51; steamer mixed, 52

OATS are quiet—sales 36 000 bushels. Mixed Western and state, 33 @ 36, white western and state, 33@40.

Coffee—Rio 14@17.

SUGAR is firm—Fair to good Refining, 7 5/8@7 7/8; prime, 7 7/8; standard A, 9 1/4; granulated, 9 3/4 @ 9 7/8; powdered, 9 7/8, crushed, 10 1/4.

PETROLEUM—Crude, 6 1/2; refined, 11 1/4.

ROSIN at 1.50@1.55.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE at 31 1/2.

PORK—new mess, 10.15@10.25.

BEEF is quiet.

LARD—prime steam, 7.37 1/2@7.40.

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, April 6. Flour is dull.

Wheat—No. 2, 1 11 1/4@1 12.

CORN—No. 2, 40.

Oats, 22.

BARLEY at 43.

Rye at 54 1/2.

Business Items.

WHEN LIFE is embittered by the sufferings from Bright's Disease, Kidney, Bladder and Glandular Maladies, Mental and Physical Debility, take HUNT'S REMEDY. Incontinence and Retention of Urine, Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy, Excesses, Intemperance and General Debility, are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY. All Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY.

Respectfully submitted to your good sense—SLIPPERY ELM LOZENGES for Coughs. For sale by all Druggists. CASWELL & CO., cor. Washington and Winter sts., Boston.

A REMARKABLE RESULT.

It makes no difference how many Physicians or how much medicine you have tried, it is now an established fact that German syrup is the only remedy which has given complete satisfaction in severe cases of Lung Diseases. It is true there are yet thousands of persons who are predisposed to Throat and Lung Affections, Consumption Hemorrhages, Asthma, Severe Colds settled on the Breast, Pneumonia, Whooping Cough, &c., who have no personal knowledge of Boschee's German Syrup. To such we would say that 50,000 dozen were sold last year without one complaint. Consumptives try just one bottle. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists in America.

Whenever you have any business to transact in investments, securities of any description, or in gold coin, coupons, or other monetary matters, deal with Messrs. Bowler & Merrill, bankers and proprietors of the Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block.

FOREIGN NEWS.

[illegible]

THE SITUATION UNCHANGED.

VARIOUS MATTERS OF CONJECTURE.

THE PREPARATIONS FOR WAR.

Opinions of Press Correspondents

The Rumored Russo-Turkish Alliance.

LONDON, April 6. A special to the Standard dated Constantinople, Wednesday, says that the Turkish council is very much divided in regard to Russia's ultimatum reported on Tuesday to have been presented by M. Onou, demanding the abandonment of Gallipoli and Boulair and the fortifications of the Bosphorus to the Russians, and the evacuation of Mkri Keni and Maslak by the Turks. Vefyk Pasha finally declared he would not consent, particularly as Russia also demanded five iron clads. The Times correspondent at Pera on Thursday, telegraphed that he was authorized to contradict all these stories. It is believed that as long as Vefyk Pasha remains Turkish Premier, a Russo-Turkish alliance is out of the question. M. Bratiano, the Roumanian Premier, instead of returning to Bucharest, started from Vienna for Berlin last night. In Vienna it is believed that the Roumanian cabinet's opposition to Russia is real and determined.

The Gortschakoff-Ghika Interview.

The publication of the Gortschakoff-Ghika interviews has aroused general sympathy for Roumania throughout Europe. The Roumanian protest against the treaty of San Stefano was published in full in the Venna Politsche Correspondent yesterday; but it is not yet known to have been officially communicated to the powers. The overtures referred to by this morning's Post as suggested by the Viennese Statesmen, are believed to have originated at St. Petersburg in consequence of representations from Berlin, and to have taken the shape of an endeavor to induce England to enter into a specification of the modifications she is willing to make in the treaties of 1830 and 1850, so that Russia can judge after comparing her own views with the English and Austrian, whether any common ground is attainable.

The Contemplated Russo-Austrian Alliance.

A rumor of Ignatieff's speedy return to Vienna is revived, indicating that at St. Petersburg hopes exist that Austria is not beyond the reach of a separate arrangement. In this respect the hope of St. Petersburg is the confident belief of Berlin where Germany's chance of avoiding being drawn into the struggle, is said, on good authority, to be based on the conviction that the Emperor of Austria regards the Russian alliance as the safest he can get, while Andrassy is so averse to decided action that he will not consent to join England in advance of hostilities, and after Russia and England are engaged, he may safely exact from the latter his own price for Austria's neutrality.

German Mediation.

The Pall Mall Gazette publishes the following from Berlin: Intelligence from St. Petersburg seems to indicate that the peace party is acquiring greater influence in the councils of the Czar. It is expected here that the Czar will solicit the good offices of the Emperor of Germany as mediator between himself and England.

The Reply to Salisbury's note—The Channel Fleet.

LONDON, April 6. The Russian reply to Salisbury's circular will, it is said, lay particular stress upon the absence of a definite counter proposal, and will call upon England to make a counter proposal. This will be the main point urged. The Pall Mall Gazette is officially informed that there is no foundation for the statement that the present intention is to keep the channel squadron near Malta available for the transportation of troops therefrom.

Roumania's Position.

LONDON, April 6. A despatch from Berlin says the question concerning the position of Roumania is becoming more and more embarrassing. It is said Austria has intimated her desire that the authority of Russia be limited as much as possible during the passage of troops through the principality, and that every thing should be avoided which might give the character of Russian occupation to the temporary presence of the Imperial troops.

Prince Charles' Reply to Gortschakoff.

VIENNA, April 6. The Political Correspondence learns from Bucharest that Prince Charles will reply to Gortschakoff's threats of occupation of Roumania and the disarmament of the Roumanian army. If the Roumanian Government protests against the article of the treaty providing for the transportation of the army in Bulgaria to Russia through Roumania, as follows: "Tell Prince Gortschakoff that the Roumanian army may be utterly crushed, but so long as I live it shall not be disarmed."

The Embarkation of Russian Troops.

LONDON, April 7. A despatch from Constantinople says the Russian authorities have renewed their demand for permission to embark their homeward bound troops at Buyukdere, representing that their embarkation at San Stefano is impossible and all idea of dispatching them there has been abandoned. The Turkish forces in the neighborhood of Gallipoli and Constantinople, number 208 battallions, all on a war footing.

The Tone of the Russian Press.

ST PETERSBURG, April 7. The Agence Russie says: The Moscow and St. Petersburg newspapers unanimously assail in moderate language, and also that of the Journal De St. Petersburg, declaring that the British Government by involving Russia's dignity in the matter, has made it impossible for her to yield to England's demands.

A New York Herald special—The War Feeling In England.

LONDON, April 7.—(N. Y. Herald special)—The Eastern question is trembling in the balance. England praying and hoping for peace is hopelessly and steadily drifting into war. The peace feeling grows weaker in all the upper circles of society, and the tension grows stronger from day to day. The court circles are undeniably warlike. Among military men the argument in vogue is that it is easier to whip Russia while she is still weakened after the recent war than when she has had time to recover from its effects.

The Alleged Feeling In Austria Germany and Russia.

Beaconsfield is anxious to redeem the disgrace of the disastrous, humiliating diplomacy of last year, and the working classes rejoice at the renewed activity in dock yards and arsenals. The bankers and merchants see large profits accruing from new loans and new contracts for supplies. Peace can only come from the powerful influence of Germany. Andrassy is anxiously striving to revive the Congress and meantime the friends of peace will make gallant, strenuous efforts. Germany is using her utmost efforts in favor of a general accomodation. Russia holds a defiant attitude and argues that if it costs 130,000 men to hold San Stefano, she would not leave until a general genuine peace.

Alleged Compromise Submitted by Austria.

The Vienna correspondent of the Herald telegraphs that a scheme has been proposed for the settlement of the difficulty, the origin of which is attributed to the Archduke Albrecht of Austria. Andrassy told Gen. Ignatieff at the recent conference that the security of the Austrian Empire was incompatible with the treaty of San Stefano. There is no room in the unstable condition of the Austro-Hungarian equilibrium for a single additional Slav State. Austria therefore submits the following compromise:

First—Russia to seek territorial compensation in Asia Minor.

Second—To divide European Turkey into three parts, namely; Northern, Western and Southern, each part to be granted autonomy and administrative reforms.

The northern section of Bulgaria north of the Balkans to be under the patronage of Russia; the western section,—Bosnia, Herzegovina and Albania—under the patronage of Austria; the southern section—including Thessaly, Epirus and Roumelia—under Greek autonomy, and under the special patronage of England. All the European Powers to guarantee this autonomy. It is believed that each division, passing into its own natural ethnological and religious sphere, would eradicate the cause of war, being entirely severed from the Ottomans. Third, the status quo ante bellum to be maintained on the questions of the straits and the Danube.

England's Belief.

It is thought in London that Lord Salisbury will adhere to this scheme with the reservation that if Russia annexes territory in Asia Minor there shall be a neutral zone between the Russian and English frontiers in Asia under the guarantee of the Powers. Should this scheme meet England's approval, Count Andrassy will again endeavor to revive the conference that in the event of the conference being summoned it may take into consideration the changes which the events of the last 12 months have rendered unavoidable in the treaties respecting the Ottoman Empire. The San Stefano treaty is consequently in the back-ground in England. All await Prince Gortschakoff's reply to Lord Salisbury.

A Franco-American Treaty.

WASHINGTON, April 7. As there is no treaty of commerce between France and the United States a Committee for stipulating a basis upon which a treaty should be drawn has been formed at Paris, and an appeal is made to organize in this country a similar Committee. The cooperation of these Committees might then, according to the circular of the French Committee, without the loss of time combine their efforts so as to prepare the way for the Franco-American Congress, to be held in Paris during the exhibition.

Our Relations With Mexico.

Accounts from the Texas border show that recently there has been few, if any, incursions from the Mexican side. The members of Congress who have the subject of our relations with Mexico under consideration say the delay of our Government in recognizing that of Mexico has produced an improved condition of affairs on the border, but that the Government has not yet done what is required by our own as a prerequisite to recognition. One of the most serious cause of complaint is that our citizens are not protected from forced loans while the British and French subjects residing in Mexico are, it is said, not subject to such illegal transactions.

Various Statements.

A Constantinople special says a report comes from a good source, that the Khedive has announced that he will declare his independence should Turkey form any alliance against England.

It is stated that Russia has officially offered to quit the neighborhood of Constantinople if the British fleet withdraws.

Italy is endeavoring to induce the Porte to suspend hostilities in Thessaly, alleging fears of grave complications. Greece is similarly endeavoring to influence the insurgents.

Germany's Attitude Reported Changed.

LONDON, April 7. A Correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphing Sunday says, to-day the hopeful rumors, which were current on Saturday, have taken a more definite form.

It is said that an important letter has been received from Berlin suggesting that concessions should be made to avoid an European war. Whether this is true or not it is pretty certain that Germany is abandoning her purely passive attitude. Russia has not requested Germany's good offices; but there is reason to believe that she will gladly accept them.

The hopes for a Congress are reviving, and General Ignatieff has even postponed his departure, for Constantinople so as to be able to accompany Prince Gortschakoff to Berlin as second Plenipotentiary, if the Congress meets.

It is emphatically declared here that Prince Ghika, Roumanian agent, must have misunderstood Prince Gortschakoff, as the latter never refused to admit discussion on the Bessarabian question. The Russian Cabinet does not deny that the Bessarabia question involves European interests although it has not yet expressly admitted it.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Checking the Peace Party's Movement.

LONDON, April 6. The Pall Mall Gazette says a movement with the object of preventing the Liberal party from trammeling the Government's foreign policy, has received the support of one hundred and thirty Liberal members of Parliament of whom nearly half are prepared to vote with the Government if the leaders have proposed any amendment to address the Queen in answer to the proclamation calling out the reserves. About seventy members will probably vote for Lawson's motion declaring the measure unwarranted and impudent.

The Obelisk.

The salvors of Cleopatra's obelisk have been awarded $10,000 and costs.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Steamer Hemmed in the Ice.

LIVERPOOL, N. S., Apr 17. The Mails and passengers from the steamer Northern Light were landed at Cariboo, and brought to Picton by trains to-day. The steamer is three miles off land in a solid field of ice. The passengers report that the straits and gulf are full of ice as far as they could see.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Next Thursday will be "Fast-Day."

Meeting of the Water Board this evening.

Hon. L. G. Downes of Calais, was at the Exchange Saturday.

One can truly say that we are now having a "spell of weather."

There will be a minstrel entertainment at City Hall this evening.

Remember the social dance at the Town Hall in Brewer this evening.

There is a prospect that the defunct Newport *News* will be resurrected.

Adams Brothers have received a fine line of gents furnishing goods.

The Brewer Brick Company loaded the first schooner in this port this season.

We are informed that the school house on Spring street was broken into yesterday.

The benefit for Mr. Kimball the popular pianist, takes place this evening at Music Hall.

The Dexter Light Infantry will have an out-door drill and target practice on Fast Day.

Hon. L. A. Emery was at the Exchange yesterday morning on his way home to Ellsworth.

Bostonians are regaling themselves on strawberries which are only seventy-five cents a box.

The Coburn Cadets have postponed their drill which was to have taken place last Friday evening.

There will be a temperance rally at Oldtown to-day. Several of the organizations in this city will participate.

No business of importance was transacted at the meeting of the Fort Point Hotel Company Saturday afternoon.

Last week a burglar broke into the vestry of the Freewill Baptist church at Dexter and carried off about $10.

Three young people were baptized at the First Baptist church yesterday by the pastor, Rev. Mr. F. T. Haslewood.

Yesterday was the fourteenth Anniversary of Rev. G. W. Field's ordination as pastor of the Third Parish church.

The Veteran Guards at Guilford have received their arms and equipments and will begin to drill as soon as the ground is dry.

Mrs. Hunt-Morgan's Bible-reading this afternoon, in the vestry of Central church at three o'clock. Subject: "The Scapegoat."

The steamer Cambridge did not leave Boston on her regular trip until Saturday morning, and consequently did not reach this port until yesterday afternoon. There were quite a largy number of passengers on board.

Ink stains in cotton or linen can be removed by washing in salt and water. This must be done before the fabric is washed with soap.

The Women's Crusade publish a card of thanks in another column, to those persons who kindly assisted at their recent entertainment.

Saturday afternoon Thomas W. Burr, and Jonathan Burbank were drawn to serve as Jurors at the present term of the Supreme Court.

Yesterday a portion of the sluice at the dam gave away and floated down river as far as one of Roberts' wharves where it was towed ashore.

The First Baptist Society will have a sociable in their chapel this evening. Supper at 6.30, to be followed by the annual rental of the pews.

We understand the ladies of the First Parish church are thinking of having an exhibition of Rogers Statuary in their vestry in a short time.

A very pleasant Sabbath School Concert was held at the Universalist church last evening, but owing to the unfavorable weather the attendance was rather small.

It is said that a gentleman who has boarded at one of our hotels for the last six years, has never been known to ring the call bell in his room, during that time.

The First and Second Baptist and the Free Baptist church will hold a Union service at the house of worship of the First Baptist on on Fast day. Sermon by Rev. David Boyd.

Chief Justice Appleton returned from Somerset County where he has been holding Court, last Saturday, and will commence his duties at the present term of Court in this city to-day.

Next Monday Dwelley & Co, and Miss Seavey will open a large stock of millinery goods at their respective places of business. Miss Daggett, will also display spring styles of hats and bonnets.

The arrangements for the masquerade under the auspices of the Ruskin Club are progressing finely, and the indications are that there will be a large number of elegant costumes among those present.

After Easter Sunday Miss Abbie Garland will preside at the organ in the St. John's Episcopal church. Mr. Jones the present organist will take charge of the organ in St. Mary's Catholic church.

The firm of M. T. Cates & Co. has been dissolved and M. Cates has formed a copartnership with Mr. Scott Dunbar, for the purpose of continuing the grocery, provision and meat business at the old stand, under the firm name of Dunbar, Cates & Co.

Saturday night the store of Edwin Chick & Co., in Mercantile Square was visited by some one who was in search of plunder. An entrance was gained at the door in the rear of the building, but the thief only succeeded in getting a few coppers and a little tobacco.

Mr. J. L. Stoddard who lectures on "Paris" in this city to-morrow night, arrived in town with his wife Saturday. Those desiring to attend the lecture, and have not already secured their tickets will do well to secure them at once as the hall will only accommodate a limited number.

There is a good deal of sound sense in the following from an exchange: You can't run away from hard times any more than you can from your shadow. Better stand your ground and "fight it out on this line" than to waste your surplus cash in hunting a place where "times are better and money more plentiful."

It will be seen by the advertisement that the Marine Railways in Brewer are to continue to run under the management of Mr. Charles B. Wyman, whose many years experience as a member of the firm of Wm. McGilvery & Co. and his reputation for square dealing, will undoubtedly draw to him a large share of patronage.

CAN'T DO IT AGAIN. A young man of Machias, who was in Hong Kong last winter, on the eighteenth day of February last, folded two sheets of letter paper in the form of a letter, wrote "April Fool," on one and enclosed it in an envelope, and directed it to a young lady in Machias. It came safe via San Francisco, and on the morning of April 1st the young lady took the letter from the office in Machias. Such marksmanship is not science; it must be chance.

THE WINTER'S WORK OF THE DALLAS. The United States revenue steamer Dallas, Capt. Hodgedon, commanding, has just completed her four months' winter cruising during which time she has cruised 4,494 miles, boarded 697 vessels, reported 16 for violation of law, and assisted 7. Those only who are compelled to be on the coast of New England in the winter months can fully appreciate the benefits arising from the keeping of such a vigilant watch along the coast.

THE MATINEE. Saturday afternoon a fine audience assembled at Music Hall on the occasion of the Matinee by Mr. Andrews Juvenile class. The hall was darkened and the gas lighted so that the effect was full as good as in the evening. The exhibition commenced at three o'clock, the programme being the same as on Thursday evening. The dancing called forth considerable applause and several of the figures were warmly encored. At the close of the exhibition Mr. Fraser was in the gallery, and the class were served with refreshments.

"PARTNERS FOR LIFE." By referring to another column it will be seen that the Ruskin Club will present the new comedy entitled "Partners for Life," by the author of "Our Boys" in Norombega Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday, April 16th and 17th. On the first evening they will also present the laughable farce, "B. B" and on the second the burlesque "Bombastic Furioso." The cast is a fine one, and as this is the last appearance of the Ruskins for the season we expect old Norombega will be filled to its almost capacity. Mr. Andrews full orchestra will furnish music for the occasion, and the stage settings will be in keeping with the new and elegant scenery. As the times are hard the Club have reduced the price of tickets, so that they are within the reach of all. The sale opens at Bugbee's next Saturday morning.

REFORM CLUB. Notwithstanding the disagreeable weather the Sunday temperance meeting was fairly attended. These weekly meetings have been well patronized during the past three years and a half, and are full of encouragement to the reformed men. Yesterday's exercises were not lacking in interest, and began with Scripture reading by Mrs. Packard and and prayer by Chaplain Boyer. Short speeches were made by President Stevens, Messrs. Randall, McFarland, Gushing and Montgomery of the Club and Mrs. Prentiss of the Crusade. Mr. Chadbourne of the Faneuil Hall Club, Boston, was invited to speak and made very interesting remarks. The selections by the their were numerous and finely rendered. Messrs. Holden and Barker sung with fine effect a duett entitled "Hope beyond." Miss Cutter presided at the organ.

MRS. LIVERMORE. It is hardly necessary for us to remind our citizens of the rich literary treat one week from to night, on the occasion of Mrs. Mary Livermore's lecture as she is no stranger to a Bangor audience, having lectured here some three years ago. In several cities she has lectured as many as six times for six successive years, and always before crowded houses. This is a compliment which few lecturers receive. Of the lecture which she delivers here, the press speak in the highest terms of praise. If you want to be entertained, and instructed, go and listen to the eloquent words of this intelligent woman. Beautiful in mind and person, she electrifies her audience with her clear, ringing voice, and delights them with her sound common-sense.

FARMERS' CONVENTION. It will be seen by a notice in another column, that the Penobscot County Farmers Club will hold their next meeting at Orrington Town Hall, Friday, April 12, and at the Town Hall in Stetson, on Friday, April 19, at 10 o'clock A. M. Question—How shall we manage our farms and stock, so as to obtain better results and meet the demands of the times? Discussion opened by Jefferson Whitten of Etna. Afternoon session opened by a lecture by Hon. S. L. Boardman, Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, followed by a lecture by Dr. North, Secretary of the Maine Dairyman's Association. Subject—What I know about Dairying. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to attend. Carriages will be in attendance at the Etna station, on the arrival of the train from Bangor, to take those who attend the meeting; and after the close of the meeting, return them in season to take the evening train, free of charge.

CRAZY. The Dexter *Gazette* says. Last Saturday, a fellow by the name of Moody, who has been in Sangerville lately, where he was taken with a fit of insanity, which is understood to have been induced by religious excitement, was brought to Dexter, and put in charge of A. F. Macomber, by the Selectmen. Sunday night, or Monday morning, about one o'clock, Moody's cattily arose, and divested himself of everything in the shape of clothing; he then went to the window and broke out one or two panes of glass, which aroused Mr. Macomber and his two sons, but before they could get hold of the patient, he made a jump and went through the window, taking with him the sash and wire window screen, and striking on the sidewalk twelve or fifteen feet below. He struck upon one of his shoulders, but was not st[illegible] hurt but that he was able to get up and run like a fox down Pleasant street to Main, and then down this latter street until near Dustin's. When on Main street, the one o'clock bell struck in the tower of the Stone Mill, and Moody mistook this for Gabriel's last trump, and becoming very much alarmed he turned about and was soon overhauled by the watchman, when he was taken into a saloon and set up before the fire. In due time he was got back to the quarters from which he escaped. Mr. M. has since been escorted to Corinna, his native town.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

APRIL (CIVIL) TERM, 1878.

HON. JOHN A. PETERS, Justice Presiding.
JAMES A. BURGESS, Clerk of Courts.
RUEL SMITH, Stenographer.

Saturday, April 6.

Jane Reed Noble vs. Chas. A. Cushman. Parties live in Lee. The plaintiff is a married woman; the defendant is an attorney at law. It seems that the defendant was greatly offended by a report alleged to have been circulated by plaintiff, to the effect that the defendant's wife and children had been killing the neighbor's chickens. Defendant called plaintiff to an account for circulating such a report, and in the conversation about the matter, they got into a dispute and came to blows. Plaintiff claims that defendant struck her, kicked her and threw her violently to the ground by reason of which she is permanently and severely injured. Defendant claims that plaintiff first assaulted him and that he simply acted in self-defence, and that he told her when she came at him to "keep off," to "let him alone," but that she followed him up, and struck at him and that it required all his strength to defend himself. Verdict for plaintiff for $300.87.

Sterns. Cushman.

John R. Cromwell vs. Ruth A. Cromwell. Libel for divorce. Divorce decreed.

W. C. Clark. D. Sanborn.

The Court adjourned from 1 to 2 o'clock and at 2 30 o'clock adjourned until Monday.

CLARKE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS cure instantly. june 11—1y.

No person ever used *Adamson's Balsam* without being able to speak in its favor. Its magical effects affording almost instant relief in the most stubborn cases has won for it a reputation as a remedial agent for coughs and colds for which the proprietor may well be proud. Price 35 cents.—Boston Advocate.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

SUNDAY, April 7.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Cambridge, Johnson, Boston.
Sch Lucy Baker, Allen, Rockland
Sch T B Smyth, Richardson, Hampden

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON. Ar 4th, brig Sparkling Water, Hichborn, Calais; schrs Viola, Cole, Machias; Commonwealth, Andworth, Rockland, Nellie Baker, Rich Wiscasset. Cld, schr Medford, Jordan, Bangor.

EDGARTOWN Ar 3d, schrs Mail, Merrill, New York for Boston, Rival, Fletcher, do for Bath; Forest, Dunham, Smith's Point, Md, for Portland.

NEW YORK. Ar 4th, ship Lucy A Nickels, Nickels, Liverpool; brig Mary E Pennell, Eaton, Malaga; schrs C B Simpson, Tapley, Baltimore for Boston; Olive Elizabeth, Lindsley, Bath; Sabao, Palmer, Machias; Telegraph, Thorndike, Thomaston, Daniel Webster, Winslow, New Bedford. Cld brig Mary C Mariner, Prince, Newark, NJ.

CHARLESTON. Cld 4th, schr Willie Luce, Rockport.

LEWES, Del. Passed up 4th, brig Manson, Gardner, from Cardenas.

PORTLAND. Cld 3d, schr Ellen Morison, Orne, and Alaska, Thorndike, New York

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Falmouth, April 4, ship Georgia M Adams, Morrison, Huanillos.

Ar at Genoa, April 1, bark Evabell, Colcord, New York.

Sld from Hong Kong, Feb 8, bark Ada Wiswell, Wiswell, Saigon.

Ar at Ponce, PR, March 21, brig Ellen Maria, Holbrook, Arroyo, PR.

Ar at St Thomas, PR, March 22, schr Annie Lewis, Aldrich, St Thomas, 24th, Mabel, Bangor.

At Sagua, March 21, brig Harry Stewart, Larrabee; Chas Jenkins, Dodge, and L F Munson, Huntley, for N of Hatteras.

At Port Spain, March 3, brig Starlight, Tucker, for New York.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of HENRY E. ROBINSON, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1878 by Henry E. Robinson, of Brewer, a bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Emery & Robinson, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts individual and copartnership, provable under the bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of May, 1878, and the 3d meeting of the same on the 6th day of May, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Presque Isle Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
apr1 *3tawlw1t*

[illegible] S[illegible] S[illegible]E.

[illegible]

NEW PATTERNS AND OF BEST QUALITY,

Which we shall offer to our retail trade for

5 CENTS Per Yard.

Remember these are standard goods, and with us best means BEST, EVERY TIME.

[illegible] S[illegible] F. S[illegible]E.

march29 (Com. cop)

GLOBE HOTEL.

This Hotel was built last season, on the site of the Harriman House, furnished new throughout, with modern improvements, Sample Rooms on first floor, Bath Room, Water Closets, Billiard Room, Finger's Annunciator, etc. Good Livery and Transient Stables. Free Coaches to and from the House.

TERMS, $2.00 PER DAY.

J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.

Bangor, July 31 1877

2[illegible]

(Consigned by a Manufacturer) made from Richardson's Pure Linens, and cheaper than have ever been sold in Bangor.

Wamsutta Bleached Cottons, for 11 cents.

JOSEPH F. SNOW, 32 Main St., Bangor.

april

[illegible] RINES & CO.

OPEN THIS MORNING

[illegible]

COME AND SEE THEM.

THURSDAY, March 28th, 1878.

Housekeeping Goods.

I shall open This Morning

2[illegible] PIECES OF TABLE DAMASK

[illegible] DOZEN [illegible] NAPKINS.

These Goods were bought at the recent large Auction Sale in New York and will be sold less than they cost to import.

BLACK SILKS.

$1.00 and 1.25, $1.50, per yard. The best Bargain ever offered in Bangor.

G. W. STEVENS,

NO. 40 MAIN STREET

Bangor, March 7, 1878.

PEANUTS.

A very delicious little Nut grown in Co[illegible], which yields but once in seven years

A small lot just received and for sale

—BY—

CHAS. DWINEL,

april No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

OPENING

[illegible]

S[illegible] STORE.

To make first class Card Photographs is for $2 50 per dozen, Cabinets and Promenades 5 00 per dozen, all other work in proportion. I shall always take the utmost care and pains to please my patrons and give them several positions to select from. I invite an examination and comparison of my pictures and prices with those elsewhere. I have every facility for making first class work and shall allow none but such to leave my Gallery.

F. C. WESTON,

2 Smith Block, next to Hight's Boot store, Bangor.
april W&S

For Sale.

Resolved to go West this Spring, therefore I offer for sale at a Bargain, stock, fixtures and good will of Store No. 6 Kenduskeag Bridge. Rent low. Location the best in the city.

mch28 2w* CHAS. SORENTZ.

For Sale at a Bargain.

One-half interest in Store, Beer and Soda Business, or the whole if desired. Enquire of A. B. ROBINSON, At No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor.

march5

Improve Your Stock.

FOR SALE. The Thoroughbred, Registered, Ayrshire Bull, "ROBERT McDONALD" 1757. 3 1/2 years old, kind and sure. Sire, Harris McGregor 1177. Dam, WINNIE McDONALD 1939. Dam is a *great milker*, has made the *largest record* yet published in United States, for one year ending July 31st, 1877; having given during that year, the large amount of 11,651 lbs. of milk. This is a rare opportunity for some farmer or club of farmers to improve their stock by the introduction of Thoroughbred blood. ROBERT McDONALD will stand for service, until sold, at the Hersey Farm, Hammond Street. Terms, One dollar, at time of service. No cow driven away until service money is paid. N. B. The above terms are peremptory.

THOMAS HERSEY, Bangor, Me.

apr3 4w

THE Gem Musical Library

A set of 21 fine Collections of Bound Music each of which has 80 pages, full Sheet Music Size, and contains an average of 25 Songs or Pieces, all of the best and most pleasing character. The Composers are the most popular and successful ones in the country. The following are favorite Collections:

FAIRY FINGERS, By *Julius Becht*, containing 75 charming and easy Waltzes, Schottisches, Polkas, &c.

DEAR DROPS, Contains 25 fine and easy Piano pieces by Kinkel, Coote, Mack, &c. Capital for Marches.

BRILLIANT GEMS. Fine selection of piano pieces of easy medium difficulty, by Pacher, Allard, Kinkel and others.

PLEASANT MELODIES. Contains quite a variety of piano music, of moderate difficulty, and by 4 different composers.

FIRESIDE ECHOES. A collection of capital songs and choruses by 16 of the best composers. Price of each book, $1 50 Boards, $2 Cloth. Send for Circulars with Contents of all books

A most attractive Song is "I'll be watching for you at the Window" by C. M. Pyke, 40 cts. It has a fine picture title as has G. D. Wilson's new Polka Rondo, called "Dancing on the green," (60 cts.) which is gaining a deserved popularity.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.

C. H. Ditson & Co., 843 Broadway, New York. J. E. Ditson & Co., Successors to Lee & Walker, Phila.

mar27 S&W&w

New Spring Dress Goods, New Cambrics, New Spring Prints, Cheap, price from 5 to 7 cents,—Beautiful Styles.

All our best Trefousse Kids marked down to $1.50 per pair. Splendid line of colors, in Browns, Modes and Tinted. The best trade in Kids ever sold in this city.

We shall sell 50 dozen Gents' Fine Shirts at $1. The same Shirt we have been selling for $1.50. You have only to see them to know they are a bargain.

A lot of Unlaundered Shirts for 37 1-2c, 62 1-2, 85 and $1.00.

E. D. [illegible] & CO.

NO. 9 MAIN ST.

Bangor, April 1, 1878.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine. In the matter of V. & E D. Estes and V. & C. H. Estes, Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the 3d day of April, A. D. 1878. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Valentine Estes, Charles H Estes and Edwin D Estes, individually and as members of the firm of V. & E. D. Estes, and Valentine and Edwin D Estes, individually and as members of the firm of V. & C. H. Estes, of Alton, in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who have been adjudged Bankrupts, upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District, filed January 23d, 1878.

FRANK A. FLOYD, Assignee.
apr3 3wSw1t

ROLFE & FOSTER,

Lumber Commission Merchants,

No. 7 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

Refer by permission to Stillman A Whitney Bros Foster, Swasey & Co., Lewis & Hall, Boston. Francis Buttrick, Waltham. Consignments solicited

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

FRENCH COAT, PLEATED OVER-SKIRT, AND DEMI-TRAINED FAN SKIRT.

The French coat, pleated over-skirt, and demi-trained fan skirt, is a very elegant French model for handsome dresses, and indeed, plain materials made up by this pattern will appear very handsome. The French cut-away coat has an added grace and chic that Parisian modistes give to all the designs they adopt from costumes of other countries. The princesse effect given to the back takes away from the auntiness of the English coat, but adds to the elegance of this design for rich costumes that are suitable for the house and street alike. The stylish short seams are shown in this back. The vest is sewed in with the coat under the arms and on the shoulders, and has no back. The pockets on the vest are new and pretty. In very gay dresses for young ladies the vest and the revers on the back may be of contrasting color and of different material from the coat. Thus black silk dresses have brocade, striped or plain vests of old gold and moss green, or of pale blue with the new dark red called Jacqueminot; bourette dresses have silk vests, revers, and double rows of pipings. The new barege de Luz, which has superseded the buntings of last summer is made up in delicate shades of blue, or of white, and trimmed with darker blue, or else olive or pale tilleul green. In making the skirts great economy can be observed by having a cambric lining faced to the knee with the dress material, and then pleating the overskirt directly upon it, sewing all in to the same belt. These "foam skirts," as they are called, are now sent out by the best Parisian modistes. Slits for pockets are made through the overskirt, hence it is not necessary to lift the overskirt and show the cambric part.

BONNETS.

Openings at the leading millinery houses show what will be selected from the importations for fashionable use in the city and at the summer resorts. The bonnets fit the head pleasantly without being too large; the crowns are shaped to take in easily the puffs and braids of hair that are now either on the crown or just down the back of the head, allowing the wearer to have high coiffures on some days and low ones on others. Chip is the favorite material, only a few split straws and yellow Tuscans being shown.

A novelty seen at the most fashionable houses is the gold Neopolitan bonnet, and also silver bonnets of the same light braid. Plain black Brussels net is put plainly on a lace frame and trimmed with pipings of satin, jet, gilt braid, and pleated Chantilly lace with flowers; this makes a most tasteful bonnet for an elderly lady.

COLORS.

The colors most used are beige, the new Jacqueminot red, old gold, and mastic gray. The beige shades are used on black and on white alike, and combine with almost any color; the pale beige tints scarcely deeper than cream-color are becoming to brunettes, but those with more brown in them are suitable for blondes only. The dark Jacques red is also associated with a great many other colors.

ORNAMENTS.

Bead ornaments are used with great care at the best houses. The single row of large pearl or tinted beads on the edge of the brim is the best way of using them. Pearl fringes are on white evening bonnets, and there are beautiful beaded brooches, pins with chains connecting them, and clasps all made of beads. The beaded coronet is still worn, but is not as good style as formerly, since it has been so commonly worn. Silver pearl beads for bonnets of the palest blue are very handsome. Gold and silver braids are still used, being laid flatly on the brim in rows of three or four. Flowers and feathers are both used more sparingly than formerly. The novelty in feathers is the straw-tipped ostrich feather for trimming Tuscan bonnets. Other feathers are tipped with tiny seed-pearls, and a row of pearls is placed down the quill of long ostrich plumes. The real Roman pearls are the beads most used by stylish milliners. Jet ornaments are almost wholly confined to black bonnets. Watered ribbons are also used with care, as it is an easy matter for dealers to have their ribbons flattened in moire designs, and this makes them very common. The watered satin ribbons, however, are on the handsomest bonnets.

TRIMMING.

The more simply the bonnet is trimmed, the more stylish it is. Folds of satin or of gauze are around many crowns, but the newest fancy is for ribbon laid straight across the crown, and thence forming strings, while there is also a half rosette of irregular loops on top, or else an Alsacian bow. The flowers are down the left side, sometimes at the very end of the curtain band. The feathers are short, and in a cluster of three curl toward the brim from the top of the crown, or else a single plume passes down the right side. There are no more streamers of trailing flowers down the back; the bonnet is too compact-looking to permit these; sometimes there are four strings, two hang behind, but these are the exception. We have, however, seen but one French bonnet out of the many imported thatwas without strings to tie in front. The Greek fillet of velvet or silk flatly folded and less than an inch wide is the most stylish face trimming. No flowers and very few ruches are inside the front of bonnets. Shirred silk or satin linings are on many bonnets, and these serve for the only face trimmings.

NEW VEILS.

New veils are narrow black net pieces to be worn like a mask veil. The lower edge is hemmed and has a light fringe of fine chenille, and there are dots of chenille all over the veil. Some of these have the dots dusted over with gilt, or else with rainbow colored tinsels to match the rainbow beads on the bonnet. Beige-color is also seen in veils of tulle of this quaint brown-yellow shade dotted with chenille of the same color. These are handsome with chip bonnets that are trimmed with beige-color.

COSTLY FUNERALS.—It appears that custom prescribes certain things which are expected to be done as a matter of course, and without regard to poverty or wealth. Costly woods are wrought into caskets for the body that is to be buried in the earth, silver trappings are added in profusion, horses with sable plumes draw a hearse which is made with glass sides to exhibit for a brief space the costly receptacle in which the dead lies. There are carriages in long procession, and black-robed attendants with faces drawn down in purchased solemnity. We are so far accustomed to all this that we miss most of the barbaric incongruities of the scene. We do not ask whether the so-called casket is adapted to its purpose, or why black plumes of a hideous form have any place, or why this time of all others should be made an occasion for some one to show what new marvel of useless expense he has succeeded in framing from rosewood and silver. Wholly aside from the æsthetic view of the case, however, is the weighty practical objection that all this involves an expense that it is often difficult or almost impossible for the survivors to meet, while to dispense with it requires an amount of courage and independence that is rarely found. A new grief wrenching at the heartstrings does not help one to struggle for a reform in attempting which he may be accused of grudging even proper respect to his dead. In this fact lies the real explanation of the growth of the present system. It is the result of constant encroachment by those whose profit lies in the matter,—encroachment made at a time when resistance is difficult, and supplemented by foolish vanity on the part of some who have lost friends. It not only has the strength that belongs to any custom of long standing, but is protected against effectual opposition by the same causes that led to its development.—*Watchman.*

An enthusiastic Indiana editor wrote after the convention, "The battle is now opened," but, alas! the compositor spelt "battle" with an "o," and his readers say they have suspected it all along.

Father gently said: "Don't stuff victuals into your mouth that way, my son; Oliver Cromwell didn't eat after that fashion." The boy, after pondering for a while, remarked to himself, "And I don't believe Oliver Cromwell walloped his boy for finding a bottle of whiskey in the shed when he was hunting after a horseshoe either."

A house and outbuildings near the Kennebunkport poor farm are painted from foundation to roof with alternate bands of red, white and blue about one foot in width; at each corner of the house is a huge Union Jack about seven feet wide, and the chimneys are also painted with the National colors and studded with stars.

VALUE OF ROOTS.—The value of roots as food for stock is too well known to need comment. About twenty tons of turnips can be raised to the acre, and every ton of hay on the farm finds its equivalent in about three and a half tons of turnips. You raise, therefore, what is about equal in nutritive value to six tons of good hay per acre when you raise a good crop of turnips. It is not very difficult to get eighteen tons of carrots to the acre on good land, and every three tons of carrots are equal in nutritive value to a ton of good English hay. Now some one will say, "But the labor of raising an acre of turnips or carrots is much greater than raising an acre of hay." This is true, to some extent, but as an offset to it, we should remember that the turnips are at the same time preparing the ground for a large crop of grass or other crops in succeeding years. In other words, it is a profitable and valuable fallow crop in rotation, while its beneficial effect on the health of the animal is sufficient to lead to its extended culture and use, if there were no other consideration in its favor.

Turnips, as well as other food, may be steamed before being fed out to milch cows in winter, to very great advantage, and if there is not stock enough to justify the expense of an apparatus for the purpose, a small pipe may be inserted in the kettle over the kitchen fire, and conduct the steam into a box filled with chopped turnips, cut hay and other substances. The whole contrivance will cost but a trifle, and will often pay well in the additional amount of nutritious, fattening and milk-producing properties of the food. It need not be stated that the apparatus should be sufficiently tight to produce a pressure of steam somewhat above that of the atmosphere.—*G. E. Loring in Boston Globe.*

A PUZZLED MILKMAN.—When Thomas drove up to a house on Main street yesterday to deliver the usual quart of mixture, the gentleman of the house kindly inquired:

"Thomas, how many quarts of milk do you deliver?"

"Ninety-one, sir."

"And how many cows have you?"

"Nine, sir."

The gentleman made some remarks about an early spring, close of the Eastern war, and the state of the roads, and then asked: Say, Thomas, how much milk per day do your cows average?"

"Seven quarts, sir."

"Ah—um," said the gentleman, as he moved off. Thomas looked after him, scratched his head, and all at once grew pale as he pulled out a short pencil and began to figure on the wagon-cover.

"Nine cows is nine, and I set seven quarts down under the cows and multiply. That's sixty-three quarts of milk. I told him I sold ninety-one quarts per day. Sixty-three from ninety-one leaves twenty-eight, and none to carry. Now, where do I get the rest of the milk? I'll be hanged if I haven't gived myself away to one of my best customers by leaving a durned big cavity in these figgers to be filled with water."—*Detroit Free Press.*

[illegible] AT CURTIS'.

Ladies' Kid Button, $1.50 up
" Kid Fox Button, 1.25
" Kid Fox Polish, 1.50
" Serge Polish, 1.00
" Serge Congress, 1.00
" Serge Button, 1.00
" Kid Croquet Slippers, 75
" White Kid Slippers, 1.25
Misses' "School" Button Boots, 1.25
" Glove Pegged Lace Boots, 1.00
Children's School Button Boots, 7 to 10, 1.00
Children's Goat Button, 3 to 6, 1.00
Gents' Calf Boots, tap or plain, 2.50
" Thick Boots, Tap, 2.25
Boys' " " " whole stock, 2.00
Youths' " " " 1.50
Gents' Fine Shoes, a little out of style at half the cost.

SPRING STYLES
SOFT & STIFF HATS,
in great variety, constantly coming in.
F. A. CURTIS,
Kenduskeag Bridge.
april

BARGAINS
IN
Druggists' Sundries.
SPECIAL PRICES!

Intending to make some changes in my business before long, I wish to sell all my FANCY GOODS, TOILET GOODS, and generally all my Show Case Goods, as soon as possible. Therefore I offer all such goods at unusually low prime prices for a few weeks. Buyers will do well to give me a call, and secure good bargains. A large line of PUFFS and PUFF BOXES will be sold very low.

TRUSSES
AT ABOUT HALF PRICE.

I have a very large assortment of some of the best Trusses made, which will be sold at about half the usual retail prices to close them out. Country orders promptly answered. Send measures and description of case as nearly as possible.

4 Smith Block, R. S. HARLOW.
march1

WEAR [illegible]

A STORE FULL of BARGAINS among which are some NEW, DESIRABLE goods for Ladies' wear.

French Kid Side Lace Boots, $4.50, former price 5.00.
French Kid Button Boots, 4.50, former price 5.00.
Im. French Kid Side Lace Boots, 3.00, former price 3.50
Im. French Kid Button Boots, 3.00, former price 3.50.
Misses' Im. French Kid Side Lace Boots, 2.50, former price 3.00

The above are CUSTOM MADE and WARRANTED and are SPLENDID FITTING.
We have a FULL STOCK of Boots and Shoes of all grades which we shall sell at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

SPRING STYLE HATS.

A large and complete line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Hats, in all the new and nobby styles.

Gent's Resorte Hats.
Young Men's Derby Hats,
Children's Stiff Hats.

Don't buy your Boots and Hats until you have seen OUR goods and got the PRICES, which cannot be beaten.

BIZZELL & S[illegible]
march22

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, Guardian of Orin L. Cookson, minor heir of Isaiah Cookson, late of Plymouth, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said minor is seized and possessed of the following described real estate, viz.

A strip of land in Etna in said County, containing about fifteen acres; same conveyed to said Orin by Joseph W. Eaton, and is all the real estate said Orin owns in said Etna; it being the same described in a deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds for said County.

That it would be for the benefit of said Minor that said real estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for his benefit:

He therefore prays that license may be granted him to sell and convey the above described real estate at public or private sale, according to the requirement of law.

March 26, 1878. GEO. B. LEAVITT.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS. Court of Probate, March Term, A. D. 1878.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in April next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest:—AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
apr5 3w

Real Estate.

For Rent.

The very desirable Cottage, No. 2 Birch St. near State. This cottage is fitted with all modern conveniences, including gas, furnace, hot and cold water, bath room, dressing-room. The rooms are connected by double doors, glass panels, giving a tasteful effect and great convenience. Solid black walnut staircase.
For particulars inquire at the house.
apl3

For Sale or to Let.

House on Date Street, front of the Common, on reasonable terms. Apply to SIMON EMERY or A. GAMMONS.
apr3

For Sale.

The residence of the late Luther H. Eaton, No. 54 Hammond Street. Terms easy. Apply on the premises to
LYDIA L. EATON, Administratrix.
april 2law

Tenements for Rent.

No. 45 Cedar street; also No. 13 Fourth St. Possession given immediately. Inquire of
JOHN F. DAY 3,
april Corner Main and Davis Sts.

For Rent.

A very Desirable House and large Garden at No. 15 Essex St. Enquire at No. 4 Mercantile Square.
mch28 1w*

For Rent.

Those pleasant Rooms in Masonic Block formerly occupied by Patten & Wheelden as Knee Store. Inquire at BANGOR SAVINGS BANK,
March 22 3w No. 1 Main St.

For Sale.

A good House with Ell and Stable and Lot 112 by 100. Buildings in nice condition, on Ohio Street. For price see
march20 PORTER NEALEY.

For Rent.

A small tenement at No. 11 Prospect St. Inquire on the premises
mar19

For Rent.

Room in "Hatch Block," Main St.
mar18 FRED A. HATCH.

For Sale.

A nice little House, Ell and Stable, with three-fourths of an acre of land, on Thatcher Street. For particulars see
PORTER NEALEY,
mar18 25 and 26 West Market Square.

Shores for Rent.

By direction of the Governor and Council I will sell at my office in Oldtown, on the 15th day of April, 1878, at ten o'clock A. M., a lease for one year from Jan. 1st, 1878, of the shore of White Squaw's Son's Island No. 28, extending from the Boom House on said island to the head of the island. Also shore of East Side Island, No. 12, Jackson Island, for same term. Rent payable to Treasurer of State of Maine May 1st 1878.
GEO. F. DILLINGHAM,
Agent Penobscot Indians.
March 15, 1878 3w4

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY

Situated on the corner of Cumberland and Wilmot Streets Portland, Me., consisting of two Stores and a Dwelling House. A most desirable stand for a Family Grocery. Rents for about $1000 per year. Will be sold with or without the stock. Title good. Terms liberal. For particulars apply to E. E. UPHAM, No. 7 Exchange St., Portland, Me.
mch27 1m

FOR SALE.

Desirable and Elegant Hotel and Livery Property for Sale.

Business interests in the West requiring my immediate and personal attention has induced me to offer my Hotel Property, the SEARSPORT HOUSE, in Searsport, for sale. This House is so widely and favorably known as not to require a particular description. Sufficient to say that the House is large and commodious, with all modern improvements, and situated in one of the most pleasant and thriving villages in New England, and doing a first rate business, offers extra inducements. For a profitable and paying Hotel business it is unsurpassed in Maine. The Hotel and Livery will be sold together or separately as desired. Shall sell on or before May 1st, next. Correspondence invited as to prices, terms, &c. Personal examination of the property preferred. Come and see. I mean business.
W. H. MATHEWS.
Searsport, March 6, 1878.

For Rent.

The shop occupied by Marston & Son for the last twenty years as Sign and Ornamental Painting. Enquire of D. C. GOULD, at No. 137 Exchange St. feb19

For Sale or Rent.

The York Street House. In good repair. Inquire of H. B. WILLIAMS,
jan1 68 Main Street.

For Rent.

Two tenements in good repair on Pine st. Apply to MRS. SUSAN J. LEIGHTON,
nov19 15 Pine street.

For Sale or Rent.

A Brick House 109 Court Street Eleven good rooms newly papered and painted, with Stable and Garden which fronts the street and is a good building lot. If not sold soon will be rented. Apply to
april8 JOHN PAYNE.

JERSEY MILK.

The subscriber has for the past five years supplied some of his neighbors with first quality milk. The demand has of late so much increased that he has decided to enlarge his route by putting on a team, and will take a few more customers who would like pure milk from Jersey Cows. Milk delivered either morning or evening or both.
Apply to F. H. LOWELL, at Charles Hald & Co's, 24 Main St.
WANTED—one or two new milch Jersey cows.
march30 march,19

[illegible]
SHAKER APPLE SAUCE, VALENCIA ORANGES!
THOMPSON & KELLOGG,
22 and 24 Central Street.
feb26

THE SUBSCRIBER,
desirous of closing out the balance of his Stock of
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware and Fancy Goods,
offers the stock at retail, at less than the wholesale cost
ALBERT TITCOMB,
mch25 21 West Market Square 2w*

[illegible] 8 2.
[illegible]

Congress has just passed a law giving a Pension of $8 per month to all soldiers of the War of 1812, who served 14 days or were in battle—and the same pension to the widows of all such soldiers.

This entitles all to a pension who have received Land Warrants.

All desiring the pension can obtain it, by applying to me in person at my office, or by letter.

I have all the old Rolls, on which is borne the names of all soldiers of the War of 1812, with the places and length of service and date of discharge, and all facts, and I can give full and exact information in every case.

Also a record of most of the Land Warrants granted to these soldiers.

No person, east of Portland, has these rolls, except myself and A. J. Chapman, Esq., of Bangor,—he has equal facilities for obtaining these pensions. He was formerly a clerk in my office.

C. P. BROWN,
BANGOR.

N. B.—All who desire their pensions early must apply early.
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Daniel Lunt of Bangor and Henry Rolf of Orono, under the firm name of LUNT & ROLF, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of driving logs hitherto carried on by said firm will be continued by HENRY ROLF.
DANIEL LUNT.
HENRY ROLF.
Orono, March 23, 1878. 1w*

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of GEORGE H. SMITH, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 1st day of April, 1878, by George H. Smith of Guilford, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of July, A. D., 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 16th day of May, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 16th day of May, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court, for said District.
april6 aff3w&w1s*

$5 to $20 A YEAR. Agents wanted. Business legitimate. Particulars free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot.

The undersigned, John J. Banks, Executor of the will and an heir of Elizabeth Banks, late of Kenduskeag, in said County, deceased, whose heirs reside in different States, respectfully represent that said deceased left real estate in this State, the owners of which cannot dispose of their separate interests without loss.

Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant power to the Executor of said deceased's estate, or some other suitable person, after due public notice, to sell by license at public or private sale, and convey all the right, title and interest of which said Elizabeth died seized, in and to the homestead of said Elizabeth Banks situate in said Kenduskeag, being all of the real estate of the deceased, devised and undevised, and distribute the proceeds (after paying the expenses), among such heirs, according to their respective rights therein.

JOHN J. BANKS.
Feb. 26, 1878

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1878.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, the first publication to be thirty days prior to the hearing, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in April next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon:
Attest: AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register. 9

District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of S. F. BARTON & CO., Bankrupts, against whom a petition was filed in said Court, February 16th, A. D. 1878.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, SS:

A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued, by said Court, against the estates of Stephen F. Barton, Frank H. Drummond and William M. Stinger, of the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, in said District, they have been duly adjudged bankrupts, individually and as members of the firm of S. F. Barton & Co., upon petition of their creditors; and the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estates, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Bankrupt Court Room in Bangor, in said District, on the fifth day of April, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., before Charles Hamlin, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

S. S. MARBLE,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, for said District.
mch22 al-2w&w1t

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of FRANK PERKINS Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court this 9th day of March, 1878, by Frank Perkins, of Belfast, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Perkins Brothers, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court, in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 10th day of April 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Republican Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
march15 eF3w&w1t

District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine.

In the matter of D. T. STOCKWELL & CO., F. GARLAND & Co., JOHN E. STOCKWELL & CO.,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the court this 7th day of March, 1878, by Eben Webster, assignee, individually and as a member of the firm of F. D. & E. Webster, representing that said firm of F. D. & E. Webster are creditors of D. E. Stockwell & Co., and have proved their claim for the sum of $2,040.44 and that he in his individual right a creditor and has proved his claim for the sum of $1,805.23, and that said D. E. Stockwell & Co. F. Garland & Co., and John E. Stockwell & Co. filed their petition in bankruptcy on Sept. 19th, 1876, said David E. Stockwell being a member of each of said firms and that said bankrupts offered a composition to their creditors, viz: thirty seven per cent to the creditors of D. E. Stockwell & Co., and thirty-three per cent to the creditors of F. Garland & Co., and John E. Stockwell & Co., payable in four equal instalments in 6, 12, 18 and 24 months from Sept. 15th, 1876, and that said composition was accepted and subsequently confirmed by the creditors in the manner and under the circumstances prescribed and set forth in Section 43 of the amendatory and supplementary Act regulating proceedings in bankruptcy, approved June 22d, 1874, and on Dec. 30th, 1876, the court, after notice and hearing, confirmed and approved said composition and ordered a record and filing thereof to be made, said petition further alleging that the first and second instalments of said composition were paid to his firm and to himself individually, but that the third instalment falling due March 1st, 1878, has not been paid nor have the notes of D. E. Stockwell & Co., given for said instalments to the petitioner and to his firm been paid in whole or in part, said debtors alleging that by reason of losses by fire, inability to collect debts, shrinkage in values of real and personal estate and inability to make sales, they are unable to pay said instalments equally to all their creditors; said petitioner further alleging that said composition cannot proceed without injustice and undue delay to creditors and debtors, wherefore said petitioner prays that said composition may be set aside and said debtors be proceeded with as bankrupts in conformity with law, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that notice be given by publication of the substance of said petition three times per week in the Bangor Whig and Portland Daily Advertiser, to all parties to appear before this Court on the first Monday of April, A. D., 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
march 19 3taw

Notice to Creditors in Bankruptcy.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine. In the matter of WARREN A. BRAGG and WILLIAM T. O. WESCOTT, as members of the firm of BRAGG & WESCOTT, of Bangor, in said District, alleged bankrupts, in bankruptcy.

At Portland, in said District on the fourteenth day of March, A. D., 1878.

District of Maine, ss. Said alleged bankrupts have proposed a composition at thirty per centum to each of their firm creditors, payable as follows: Ten per centum in thirty days, ten per centum in sixty days, and ten per centum in ninety days, after the confirmation of proceedings, said payments to be evidenced by negotiable promissory notes, with satisfactory endorsers, in satisfaction of their firm unsecured debts, and that a meeting of the creditors of said alleged bankrupts has been ordered, and will be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, before Register Hamlin, in Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, on the 3d day of April, A. D., 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to consider the said proposition as provided by Rule XXXVI, of General Orders in Bankruptcy. Petition in bankruptcy filed 26th day of February, A. D. 1878.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of the U. S. District Court, for the District of Maine. march18

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feb5

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Portland, March 29 h, 1878.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss.

This is to give notice; That on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1878, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of Archibald L. Boyd and Rodney C. Boyd, of Bangor in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, who have been adjudged bankrupts, individually and as members of the firm of A. L. & R. C. Boyd, on their own petition, by the District Court for said District February 28th, A. D. 1878; that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of their Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Bankrupt Court Room in Bangor, in said District, before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the sixth day of May, A. D., 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. S. MARBLE,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, for said District.
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State of Maine.

To the Honorable JOHN APPLETON, one of the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court of said State:

Humbly shows the undersigned, Trustees of the Newport Savings Bank, of Newport, in the County of Penobscot, in said State, and the State Bank Examiner, that said Savings Bank is insolvent by reason of loss on, and by depreciation in the value of a part of its assets, without the fault of the Trustees thereof; that your petitioners respectfully ask your Honor to appoint a time for the examination of the affairs of said Bank, and cause notice thereof to be given to all parties interested in such manner as your Honor may prescribe, and if upon an examination of its assets and liabilities, and from other evidence produced at the time appointed, your Honor shall be satisfied of the facts above set forth, and that said Corporation has not exceeded its powers nor failed to comply with any of the rules, restrictions and conditions provided by law, that Your Honor may see fit, if you should deem it for the interest of the depositors therein and the public, by proper decree to reduce the deposit account of each depositor so as to divide such loss pro rata among the depositors, thereby rendering the Corporation solvent so that its further proceedings shall not be hazardous to the public or those having, or placing funds in its custody, and to make such other orders and decrees in the premises as may be authorized or required by Section 36 of Chapter 215, of the Public Laws of 1877, approved February 5, 1877, and as in duty bound will ever pray.

Dated this 5th day of March, A. D. 1878.

DANIEL DUDLEY,
ELISHA W. SHAW,
ALFRED MILES,
BYRON PORTER,
ELLIOT WALKER, Trustees.
WM. W. BOLSTER,
Bank Examiner.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS. Supreme Judicial Court, in vacation, Bangor, March 7th A. D. 1878.

Daniel Dudley & als., Trustees of the Newport Savings Bank, and Wm. W. Bolster, Bank Examiner, petitioners in the matter of the Newport Savings Bank.

Upon the foregoing petition, It is ordered by the Court, that notice be served upon any and all persons interested, by publishing the petition and order of notice thereon at least three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and in the Bangor Daily Commercial, two newspapers published in the City of Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, the last publication to be at least twenty days before the 7th day of May, A. D. 1878, to appear before said Supreme Judicial Court, at the Court House in said Bangor, in said County at ten of the clock A. M., on said 7th day May, A. D. 1878, at which time and place an examination of the assets and liabilities and affairs of said Bank will be made and such other steps and proceedings be had as by statute prescribed, so that any persons interested may then and there be present if they shall see fit and be heard upon the matter set out in said petition.

(Signed) JOHN APPLETON,
C. J. S. J. Court.

A true copy of Petition and Order thereon,
Attest, JAMES H. BURGESS, Clerk.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of JOHN TURNER, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 28th day of February, 1878, by John Turner, of Skowhegan, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878 before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M. and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 18th day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 18th day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Somerset Reporter, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of EDWARD E. GRAFFAM, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of Feb'y, 1878, by Edward E. Graffam, of Vinalhaven, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of S. B. F. Graffam, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 16th day of April 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 16th day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Rockland Gazette, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of JOHN L. COPELAND, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice, that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of Feb'y, 1878, by John L. Copeland of South Thomaston, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same, on the 10th day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Rockland Gazette, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of DANIEL PERKINS, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 9th day of March, 1878, by Daniel Perkins, of Belfast a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of Perkins Brothers, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register on the 10th day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 10th day of April 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Republican Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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State of Maine.

The undersigned, Commissioners of Fisheries for the State of Maine, hereby give notice that under and by virtue of the provisions of the Statute of this State, passed A. D., 1878, and approved February, 1878, entitled "An Act to regulate and protect fisheries and the propagation of fish." Section 21, they have set apart for the purpose of cultivation of fish and more particularly of salmon, shad and alewives, the following described waters situate in the County of Penobscot, viz: All the waters of the Penobscot river between the toll bridge leading from Bangor to Brewer on the one side and the dam across the river at Treat's Falls, so called, erected by the city of Bangor for the purpose of supplying the city with water on the other. And all persons are cautioned and forbid from taking or killing any fish therein, under a penalty of not less than ten dollars and no more than one hundred dollars, and a further penalty of one dollar for each fish so taken and killed.

Witness our hands at Bangor on this 2d day of March, A. D. 1878.

E. M. STILWELL,
HENRY O. STANLEY.

This notice is not intended to apply to the catching of any other fish than salmon, shad and alewives, nor to the catching of any fish within said limits by the ordinary mode of angling with single hook and line or artificial flies at a distance below the dam of at least one hundred yards.
march4

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

EPHRAIM G. THURSTON, late of Bangor,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

HARRY D. THURSTON, Adm'r.
Bangor, Jan'y 29, 1878. 6

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Jesse and Charles A. Dorman Bankrupts, in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1878. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Jesse and Charles A. Dorman, of Corinna, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine within said District, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District, filed Dec. 28, 1877.

JOSIAH CROSBY, Assignee,
feb12 eTow4wlt Dexter.

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

LUTHER P. HAYES, late of Clifton,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

MOSES F. CHICK, Adm'r.
Clifton, Mch. 5, 1878. 11

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of HENRY E. MACOMBER, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of February, 1878, by Henry E. Macomber, of Franklin, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 21st day of March, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 21st day of March, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Ellsworth American, newspapers printed in said district, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of GEO. GOULD, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of February, 1878, by George Gould, of Ellsworth, a bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 21st day of March, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 21st day of March, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Ellsworth American, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of WILLIAM H. HUNT, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of February, 1878, by William H. Hunt of Liberty, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 10th day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Republican Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court of said District.
march7 eTh3w&w1t

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of CHARLES A. STEPHENSON, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of February, 1878, by Charles A. Stephenson, of Belfast, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Register, on the 10th day of April, 1878 and the third meeting of the same on the 10th day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Republican Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court, for said District.
march7

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of JOHN ROSS, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of February, 1878, by John Ross, of Bangor, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firms of Ross & Hughes, C. Brown & Company, Ross & Hodgdon, J. Ross & Co., Ross & Leavitt, and Ross & Leavitt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 2d day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 2d day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District,
mar1 eS3w&w1t

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of ALEXANDER McCLAIN, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of February, 1878, by Alexander McClain, of Mattawamkeag, a bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 2d day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 2d day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
march2 eS3w&w1t

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of JOHN R. BRADSTREET, Bankrupt,
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 27th day of Feb'y, 1878, by John R. Bradstreet, of Palermo, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 10th day of April, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 10th day of April, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Republican Journal, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
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State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, March Term, A. D. 1878.

Upon the petition of Henry C. Holden & al., creditors of Ellsworth Bridgham, late of Charleston in said County, deceased, that the administration of the estate of said deceased, with the will annexed, may be granted to Ansel W. King, of said Charleston, or some other suitable person,

ORDERED, That said petitioners give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of their order thereon to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, citing them to appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in April next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy Attest:
18 AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of AMASA S. EMERTON, Bankrupt.
IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 28th day of March, 1878, by Amasa S. Emerton of Bucksport, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1878, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of May, 1878, and the third meeting of the same on the 6th day of May, 1878, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Ellsworth American, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court, for said District.
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Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS

A. B. FARNHAM, Postmaster
E. A. CUMMINGS, Ass't Postmaster
W. H. S. LAWRENCE, Cashier

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A. M. to 8 P. M.; and from 7½ to 8 P. M. daily—Sundays excepted.
On Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	7 45	6 15
European Railway,	8 30	
Piscataquis R. R.	8 30	
Cherryfield and Machias,		7 30
Ellsworth,	6 45	7 30
Belfast,	5 30	
Bucksport,	8 00	6 15
Dixmont,	6 45	
E. Corinth and Charleston,		2 30
Levant and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		2 30
Amherst and Aurora,	11 30	

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,	6 30	7 15
European Railway,		8 30
Piscataquis Railroad,		8 30
Ellsworth,	5 30	6 00
Cherryfield & Machias,	5 30	
Belfast,		8 00
Bucksport,	8 30	6 15
Dixmont,		6 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter,	11 00	
Bradford,	10 30	
Monroe,	10 00	
Amherst & Aurora,	11 30	

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on, and they will be delivered earlier than if the same is put on at the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip supplying the extreme of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening in season for important mails—the down town boxes fifteen and the up town boxes thirty minutes before closing mails at the office.

Holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8½ to 9½ A. M., and from 7½ to 8 P. M. Sundays from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window,) when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within thirty days, or less, written or printed, with the writer's name, post office and State, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure Stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus endorsed, if not delivered to the person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above form sold at $32.80 per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such Stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars. Stamped Envelopes, spoiled in directing, are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS.

All Letters must be Prepaid.—Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents the half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents a half ounce or single rate.

SECOND CLASS.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of two cents per pound for each issue on weekly papers or those published oftener than once a week; less frequently than once a week, three cents. The same law applies to dealers.

County papers free, except to letter carrier offices, i.e. papers sent into the office, if published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, to be prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada.—Same as in the States on letters and papers pre-payment compulsory; merchandise limited to 8 oz., postage 10 cents.

THIRD CLASS.

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER AND BOOKS AND MERCHANDISE.

One Cent for Two Ounces.

Almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand bills, magazines, maps—lithographed or engraved—music, printed sheets, newspapers, occasional publications, pamphlets, posters, proof sheets, prospectuses.

One cent for each ounce.

Blank books, blank cards, book manuscripts, card boards and other flexible material, chromo lithographs, circulars, engravings, envelopes, flexible patterns, letter envelopes, letter paper, lithographs, merchandise, models, ornamental paper, postal cards when sent in bulk and not addressed, photographic views, photographic paper, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals and merchandise, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots and scions, stereoscopic views.

All packages of matter of third class must be so wrapped or enveloped, with open sides or ends, that their contents may be readily and thoroughly examined by postmasters without destroying the wrappers.

The sender of a package of third class matter may write his or her name on the wrapper with the word "from," but nothing more, without subjecting the whole to letter postage.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in one month thereafter, they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system, as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued in sums of not more than fifty dollars. Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person, at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES.

On orders not exceeding $15,	10 cents.
" over $15 and not exceeding $30,	15 cents.
" over $30 and not exceeding $40,	20 cents.
" over $40 and not exceeding $50,	25 cents.

Money Orders can also be obtained on England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Switzerland and German States.

Never put Money in a Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. If upon points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be Registered. Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money Order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full, and a Registration fee in stamps, for—
United States, 10 cents.
Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States, 10 cents.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

†Africa, west coast, Br. possessions,	15
†Argentine Republic, British Mail,	27
·Aspinwall,	10
·Australia, via Southampton,	15
·Australia, via San Francisco,	5
·Bahamas,	5
Belgium,	5
·Bermuda,	5
·Brazil, via England,	21
·Canada,	3
Cape of Good Hope,	15
Ceylon,	10
†Chili,	17
China, via Southampton,	15
Cuba,	5
Denmark,	5
France,	5
Germany,	5
Gibraltar,	5
Great Britain and Ireland,	5
†Guadaloupe, Br. mail via St. Thomas,	15
†Hawaiian Kingdom, direct mail,	6
Holland,	5
Italy,	5
Jamaica, direct mail,	5
Japan, via Europe,	10
Japan, via San Francisco	5
·Mexico, direct via sea	5
·Mexico, by land routes,	5
·Nassau, New Providence,	5
Natal,	15
Netherlands,	5
·New Brunswick,	3
·Newfoundland,	5
·New Granada, direct mail,	5
·New Granada, except Aspinwall & Panama,	13
·Nova Scotia,	3
·Panama,	5
Peru,	17
·Porto Rico,	5
Portugal,	5
Russia,	5
Spain,	5
Straits Settlements,	10
Sweden,	5
Switzerland,	5
Trinidad,	10
Turkey,	5
†Turks Island,	5
†Venezuela,	13
†West Indies, British,	15

West Indies, not British, and all other foreign rates, will be found at Post Office.

† *Prepayment required.*

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers of all kinds, maps, plans, prints, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, sheets of music, &c., and patterns or samples of merchandise, including seeds and grains,—as follows:
Not over 2 ounces, 2 cents.
Over 2 ounces and not over 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces and not over 6 ounces, 6 cents.
Newspapers, 2 cents each.

Railroads & Steamboats.

MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME
Commencing Dec. 3, 1877.

Morning Passenger train leaves [illegible] A. M., cars running over both lines connecting with Grand Trunk at [illegible], Knox & Lincoln at Bath, with Portland [illegible] at Westbrook, with Boston & Maine [illegible] Junction, and with Eastern R. R. at Portland, arriving in Boston at 3 10 P. M.

Night train with Pullman Sleeping [illegible] Bangor at 7.35 P. M., running via Augusta, arriving in Port and at 1.50 A. M., and [illegible] A. M.

Night train from Boston arrives in [illegible] 6.20 A. M.

Day train arrives in Bangor at [illegible]

A mixed train leaves Bangor for [illegible] 1.50 P. M. daily, connecting at Newport [illegible] ter and at Burnham for Belfast.

Through freight trains leave Bangor [illegible]

Through Freight trains from Portland due in Bangor at 11 A. M.

PAYSON TUCKER, [illegible]
Dec 1, 1877.

European & No American Railway
Hannibal Hamlin & Wm. B. Hayford Trustees.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, [illegible]

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 26th, [illegible]

Express train leaves Bangor (Exchange [illegible]) for St. John at 7.30 A. M.

Trains leave Bangor for [illegible] & P. R. R. at 7.30 A. M. and [illegible] P. M.

Bangor for Bucksport, 9 00 A. M. and 7 30 P. M.

Bangor for Oldtown 11 45 A. M., [illegible]

Oldtown for Bangor, 7 35 and [illegible] 2.05 and [illegible] P. M.

Bangor for Mattawamkeag, at 7 [illegible] 2.00 P. M.

Mattawamkeag for Bangor, 6.10 A. M. [illegible] P. M.

Trains from St. John due at Bangor [illegible], from Mattawamkeag 10.25 A. M., [illegible] 8.30 A. M. 3.00 P. M., from Bucksport [illegible] and 8 00 P. M., from E. & P. R. R. 10 [illegible] 6 20 P. M.

Through freight leaves Bangor at [illegible] is due at Bangor at 1.15 P. M.

Express trains connect at McAdam Junction with trains N. B. & C. Railway, and at [illegible] Junction with trains [illegible]

F. W. CRAM, [illegible]
Bangor Nov 23, 1877.

BOSTON & [illegible]

8.40 A. M. train from Bangor via Maine Central R. R. makes close and direct connection at WESTBROOK JUNCTION with PORTLAND AND WORCESTER LINE for NASHUA, AYER JUNCTION and CHICAGO via HOOSAC TUNNEL LINE; also for WORCESTER and NEW YORK via SOUND LINE STEAMERS and by RAIL.

12 Hours saved by this line for Chicago, [illegible] transfers at any point.

This is the only route making Sound Line connections.

State rooms and tickets can be secured of A. W. BENSON, Agent, at ticket office of Maine Central Railroad Passenger Station, Bangor.

The Great United States Mail Route, because of quick time and no transfers.

H. N. TURNER,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Worcester, Mass.
Nov 3, 1877.

BANGOR & PISCATAQUIS RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 8th, 1877,

Morning Passenger train leaves Bangor E. & A. Station, Exchange St., at 7.10 A. M., for Dover and intermediate stations, arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 10.25 A. M., and Blanchard at 11.30 A. M.

A mixed train leaves Bangor at 2.00 P. M. arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 6.10 P. M., [illegible] Blanchard at 7.30 P. M.

A mixed train leaves Blanchard at 4.30 A. M. and Dover and Foxcroft at 6.00 A. M., arriving in Bangor at 10.35 A. M.

Passenger train leaves Blanchard at [illegible] P. M., and Dover and Foxcroft at 3.15 P. M., arriving in Bangor at 6.22 P. M., connecting with Maine Central Railroad for Portland and Boston.

STAGE CONNECTIONS.

At Milo daily for Brownville and [illegible] Works.

At South Sebec daily for Sebec Village and Barnard.

At Abbot daily for Monson.

At Blanchard daily for Greenville (Moosehead Lake).

ARTHUR BROWN, Sup't
nov27 am1w

INSIDE LINE.

Winter Arrangement.

Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND, C. KILBY, Master, will leave Portland every Thursday evening at [illegible] o'clock, for Bucksport and Machiasport, touching at all the usual landings.

Returning, will leave Machiasport every Monday morning for Portland, touching [illegible] (excepting Bucksport, Sandy Point, [illegible] port.)

Freight taken at summer rates. No extra charge between Bucksport and Bangor.

Passengers for Portland can obtain through tickets at the ticket office of the E. & N. A. R. road. The train leaves Bangor for Bucksport every Monday morning at ten o'clock, connecting at Bucksport with Steamer Richmond which transfers Portland passengers at Rockland to Steamer City of Richmond.

Fare from Bangor to Portland, $2.75.

For further particulars inquire of
A. KENDRICK, Agent
Bangor, Jan. 1, 1878. aulw

RE-OPENING
OF THE POPULAR
PROVIDENCE LINE
TO NEW YORK,
VIA PROVIDENCE

Opens April 29th, For the Season of 1878

ONLY 42 MILES OF RAIL.

Steamboat Express Train will leave Boston & Providence Railroad Station daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 P. M. Connect at Fox Point with Providence, with the ENTIRELY NEW AND MAGNIFICENT

STEAMER MASSACHUSETTS,
and the well known and popular
STEAMER RHODE ISLAND,

Arriving in New York at 6 A. M. This is the line affording a delightful sail through Narragansett Bay by daylight.

Returning, leave Pier 29, North River, at [illegible] P. M., arriving in Boston at 7 A. M.

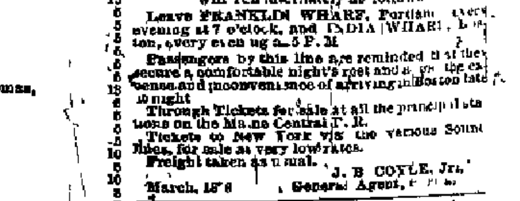
No intermediate landings between Providence and New York.

Tickets and State Rooms can be secured at the company's office, 214 Washington, corner State street, and at Boston and Providence Railroad Station.

J. W. RICHARDSON, Agent Union [illegible]
A. A. FOLSOM, Sup't B. & P. R. R.
apr5 oc6m

BOSTON STEAMERS.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.



On and after Monday, April 1st, the Steamers

JOHN BROOKS AND FOREST CITY

will run alternately as follows

Leave FRANKLIN WHARF, Portland, every evening at 7 o'clock, and INDIA WHARF, Boston, every evening at 5 P. M.

Passengers by this line are reminded that they secure a comfortable night's rest and avoid the expense and inconvenience of arriving in Boston late at night.

Through Tickets for sale at all the principal stations on the Maine Central R. R.

Tickets to New York via the various Sound lines, for sale at very low rates.

Freight taken as usual.

J. B. COYLE, Jr.,
March, 1878 General Agent, [illegible]

Maine Steamship Company.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE TO NEW YORK.

Steamers Eleanora, and Franconia.

Will, until further notice, leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 6 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 4 P. M.

The ELEANORA is a new steamer, just built for this route, and both she and the FRANCONIA are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travelers between New York and Maine. These steamers will touch at Vineyard Haven during the summer months, on their passage to and from New York.

Passage including State Room, $5, meals extra.

Goods forwarded to and from Philadelphia, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, and all parts of Maine.

Freight taken at the lowest rates

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamers as early as 4 P. M. on the days they leave Portland. For further information apply to

HENRY FOX, Gen'l Agent, Portland
J. F. AMES, Agent, Pier 38, E. R., New York.
Tickets and State Rooms can also be obtained at 22 Exchange Street, Portland.
July 18, 1874 1y3

LOST.

One Pearl and Cameo Ear ring. The finder will be well rewarded by returning same to the Whig and Courier office.
march15

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